# **ANNUAL REPORT**

**Guardian Fund** 

Year ended 31 December 2021

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# **General information**

#### **Fund Manager**

Privium Fund Management B.V. Gustav Mahlerplein 3, 26th floor, Financial Offices 1082 MS Amsterdam The Netherlands

#### Legal Owner

Stichting Juridisch Eigendom, Guardian Fund Woudenbergseweg 11 3953 ME Maarsbergen The Netherlands

**Custodian** BinckBank N.V. Barbara Strozzilaan 310 1083 HN Amsterdam The Netherlands

#### Legal and Tax Advisor

Van Campen Liem J.J. Viottastraat 52 1071 JT Amsterdam The Netherlands

#### Depositary

Darwin Depositary Services B.V. Barbara Strozzilaan 310 1083 HN Amsterdam The Netherlands

#### Administrator

Bolder Fund Services (Netherlands) B.V. Smallepad 30F 3811 MG Amersfoort The Netherlands

#### **Independent Auditor**

Ernst & Young Accountants LLP Antonio Vivaldistraat 150 1083 HP Amsterdam The Netherlands

## **Key figures**

	2021	2020	2019	2018
(all amounts in EUR x 1,000)				
Net Asset Value				
Net Asset Value Initial Class 1 <sup>1</sup>	28,698	19,970	51,540	37,100
Net Asset Value Initial Class 2	74,406	76,115	-	-
Net Asset Value General Class A	34,001	-	-	-
Net Asset Value Institutional Class A	13,204	-	-	-
Net Asset Value Institutional Class A –				
Austrian Investors <sup>2</sup>	8,805	-	-	-
Total Net Asset Value	159,114	96,085	51,540	37,100
Outstanding Units				
Outstanding Units Initial Class 1	166,800	109,537	224,463	194,025
Outstanding Units Initial Class 2	191,180	, 201,975	, –	, -
Outstanding Units General Class A	366,006	-	-	-
Outstanding Units Institutional Class A	148,230	-	-	-
Outstanding Units Institutional Class A –				
Austrian Investors	100,000	-	-	-
Total Outstanding Units	972,216	311,512	224,463	194,025
Result				
Result from investments	16	272	152	-
Changes in value	5,338	40,485	13,022	(2,128)
Other results	(617)	280	925	-
Costs	(7,138)	(10,418)	(2,922)	-
Net result	(2,401)	30,619	11,177	(2,128)
Per unit <sup>3</sup>				
(in EUR x 1)	107 70	102.22	220 61	101 21
Net Asset Value per Unit Initial Class 1	187.78	182.32	229.61	191.21
Net Asset Value per Unit Initial Class 2	389.19	376.85	-	-
Net Asset Value per Unit General Class A	102.80	-	-	-
Net Asset Value per Unit Institutional Class A Net Asset Value per Unit Institutional Class A –	102.99	-	-	-
Austrian Investors	88.30	_	_	_
	00.00	-	-	-

<sup>1</sup> Only the Lead series of every class are shown.

 $^{2}$ A separate share class is setup for investors residing in Austria due to Austrian tax reporting obligations. Unlike the other share classes, this share class had a negative performance as it was only launched on 1 July 2021.

<sup>3</sup>The result per Unit is calculated using the number of outstanding Units as per the end of the period.

## **Fund Manager report**

#### 2021

In 2021, the return of the Guardian Fund was +2.80% (General Class A – lead series), measured in euros and net of fees and expenses.

2021 has been a strong year for the businesses in portfolio. The digitalization of our lives will continue to drive a tectonic shift of wealth within society. It is our mission to participate in the thriving winners of our time.

After the outperformance in 2020 (+52.2% for the Guardian Fund), the weak price performance of our portfolio for the year is humbling. The sector sell-off in technology stocks almost erased our annual return and resulted in the underperformance versus the relevant indices in 2021.

Since 2008 and especially since the start of the pandemic, the Federal Reserve (Fed) has provided enormous liquidity and the tech and crypto markets functioned like sponges for this liquidity. Declining interest rates pushed up valuations and the zero-interest rate environment dramatically increased people's willingness to provide funding for unprofitable growth.

The main fear now is the extent to which higher interest rates possibly caused by inflationary pressure of too much money chasing too few goods, are going to pull down the valuations of companies and especially 'growth' tech companies which are growing without showing material accounting profits (yet). The Fed is incentivized to act by hiking interest rates and reducing the size of its balance sheet in order to counter elevated inflation, which it first labeled as 'transitory' due to persistent supply bottlenecks as a result of the pandemic.

Over the past decade, owners of assets have basically been swimming in a river downstream. The low interest rates environment is likely to end at some point. Then, investors must start swimming against the current which is less pleasant, and many are likely to end up lagging instead of moving ahead as rising rates function like gravity for all asset classes because future earnings get capitalized at lower multiples.

Over the past few years, the median valuation of younger software-as-a-service (SaaS) businesses almost doubled from around 8 times revenues to 15 times. The material correction of the past few months has brought this back to around 8 times which means we are back to pre-COVID levels.

Aggregate multiples are seldom completely comparable over time as the composition of the basket of businesses is changing. For example, over the past two years a few exceptionally strong businesses, e.g., Snowflake and Datadog, have come to the market and are still trading in the higher valuation range today.

As a result of the sell-off towards the end of the year and during the first quarter of 2022, we saw significant multiple contractions across some of our portfolio companies.

The operational performance in 2021 of the businesses in which we own shares was strong and the outlook for these businesses remains unchanged today. We continue to focus on thriving tech-driven businesses.

We continue to closely monitor the Covid-19 situation and the potential development of new variants.

The Russian invasion in Ukraine has caused clear market volatility. The Fund has no direct exposure to Ukraine, Belarus or Russia. Further escalation of the conflict is expected to dampen global growth, especially in Europe. This might have an impact on the performance of the Fund.

#### Risk management and willingness to take risks

During the year there have been no risk breaches. The risk profile of the Fund hasn't changed during the reporting period. Neither did the investment objective (s) or any of the investment restrictions of the Fund changed during the reporting period.

Reference to the investment objective (s), risk profile and the investment restrictions of the Fund is made in the Prospectus of the Fund and the Key Information Document.

In the table below we list the various risk to which investors in the Fund are exposed and we discuss the measures applied to manage these risks and their potential impact on the Fund's NAV's.

Sorts of risks	Risk hedged	Measures applied and expected effectiveness	Impact on 2021 NAV	Expected impact on 2022 NAV if risk materializes	Adjustments made or expected adjustments to risk management in 2021 or 2022
Price/Market Risk	No	The fund has been holding cash and long only equity positions. The bottom-up company analysis is a very important item in mitigating risks during the holding period of a position. However share price fluctuations due to general equity market movements during the holding period can't be mitigated or avoided in full by conducting company analysis. This risk is inherent when securities like equities are traded.	The Fund gained +2.80% in 2021 (General Class A - lead series). The Fund doesn't have a formal benchmark. As a reference, the MSCI World Index (in EUR) gained +25.4% in 2021.	Investments are being selected because of its own interesting merits (technological breakthrough, competitive advantage, attractive valuation, etc) but this will also depend on general market circumstances.	No
Sector risk	No	The Fund currently has a bias to the technology sector. Bottom-up company analysis is a very important item in nitigating risks during the holding period of a position. However share price fluctuations due to company specific items or general sector developments during the holding period can't be mitigated or avoided in full by conducting company analysis.	The Fund gained +2.80% in 2021. The Fund doesn't have a formal benchmark. As a reference, the MSCI World Index (in EUR) gained +25.4% in 2021.	Investments are being selected because of its interesting merits (technological breakthrough, competitive advantage, attractive valuation, etc) but this will also depend on general market circumstances.	No
Interest rate risk	No	The Fund has no Interest bearing financial instruments except for cash at bank (including custodian). Therefore the Fund is not exposed to significant interest rate risk.	None	None	No
Foreign Exchange risk	No	FX risk is not being hedged. It is not expected that this will change in the near future either.	100% of the investments (excluding cash) are denominated in US Dollar and because of the appreciation of the US Dollar in 2021, the US Dollar appreciated 6.5% vs the Euro. This had a positive impact on results.	This will largely depend on FX movements.	No
Liquidity risk	No	Liquidity risk mostly has been mitigated by investing in positions that offer sufficient liquidity	None	We would not expect a negative NAV impact if this risk would materialize.	No
Credit risk	No	Spare cash is maintained at Saxo Bank (Binckbank has been acquired by Saxo Bank) and Rabobank. Both parties are deemed to be solvent and we would reconsider the relationship if this changes.	None	None	No
Operational risk	No	This risk is mostly mitigated by having rigid operational procedures in place. Next to that duties and responsibilities are clearly divided between Privium employees. The same is applicable at the service providers of the several Privium Funds.	None	None	No
Counterparty Risk	No	This risk is mostly mitigated by selecting and maintaining relationships with top tier counterparties and service providers.	None	None	No
Leverage Risk	No	The Fund may use leverage. This is limited to 20% of the Net Asset Value of the Fund. As of December 31, 2021 the leverage calculations according to the Gross method and Commitment method are as follows: Gross method: 103.14% and Commitment method: 106.37%.		None	No
Sustainability Risk	No	Sustainability risks are categorized into Environmental, Social or Governance (ESG) issues and may pose a material risk to the value of an investment. Not all sustainability risks may have a material negative effect on the value of an investment. Therefore, the Fund applies the Materiality Map of the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB) to determine which sustainability risks are material to consider in the investment decision making process. In each investment decision the relevant material sustainability risks are investigated using the following focus points: * Policy and practices: investigating if relevant sustainability risks to the investment are well covered by policies informs if all risks are sufficiently in scope and in control. If so, then the value of the investment may be less sensitive to the relevant sustainability risk than its peers. * Incidents: If the sector or the investment experienced significant incidents regarding the relevant sustainability risk readiness and quality of response. Better preparedness and a strong response mean the value of the investment may be less sensitive to to the relevant sustainability risk	None	None	No

#### Risk management

Privium Fund Management B.V. has a clear and elaborate Risk Management framework, in line with current legislation, such as the Alternative Investment Fund Manager Directive (AIFMD). The Risk Management function within Privium is performed by an independent Risk Manager. Privium has a Risk Management Committee which meets at least on a monthly basis.

The Risk Management framework consists of several individual components, whereby Risk Monitoring is being performed on an ongoing basis.

Under the AIFM Directive, the Fund Manager is required to establish and maintain a permanent risk management function. This function should have a primary role in shaping the risk policy of each Alternative Investment Fund ("AIF") under management by the Fund Manager, risk monitoring and risk measuring in order to ensure that the risk level complies on an ongoing basis with the AIF's risk profile.

The risk management function performs the following roles:

- Implement effective risk management policies and procedures in order to identify, measure, manage and monitor risks;
- Ensure that the risk profile of an AIF is consistent with the risk limits set for the AIF;
- Monitor the liquidity profile of the AIF;
- Monitor sustainability risk levels;
- Monitor compliance with risk limits; and
  - Provide regular updates to senior management concerning:
    - 1: The consistency of stated profile versus risk limits;
    - 2: The adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management process; and
    - 3: The current level of risk of each AIF and any actual or foreseeable breaches of risk limits.

As described by the AIFM Directive quantitative risk limits are, where possible, constructed for various risk categories: market risk, liquidity risk, credit risk, counterparty risk, and operational risk. These risk limits should be in agreement with the risk profile of the fund.

The risk management function is fully independent from the portfolio management function of the Fund Manager. The risk manager has full authority to close positions or the authorization to instruct the closing of positions on his behalf in case of a risk breach.

To ensure that all risk management tasks are executed correctly and timely, the Fund Manager uses an automated system that registers all risk tasks, keeps a list of all pending risk tasks, and escalates risk tasks that have not been executed or report a violation of a risk rule. The system produces an audit log that can be verified by the internal auditor, the external auditor, the management board, the regulator or other stake holders. Not all risk variables have limits but to identify any new relevant risks, every variable that is reported in the system flows through a sanity check. The sanity check will raise an exception if the variable falls outside its "normal" boundaries. The Risk Manager is notified of these exceptions and will make an assessment whether the situation is stable or whether further escalation is needed.

The positions of the fund are administered and reconciled by using a professional portfolio management system. Risk reports such as Value at Risk and Stress Scenarios are run using Bloomberg.

The CM system is being used for monitoring of the pre-defined risk limits. The limits can either be configured as notification limits, soft limits or hard limits. In case of a breach of any of the limits, the escalation procedures are followed as described in the Risk Management Procedures (Annex 17) of the Privium Handbook.

The reoccurring risk tasks are:

- Weekly risk report by risk management, including Value at Risk.
- Monthly reporting by portfolio management
- Quarterly Operational risk management
- Monthly stress scenarios. On ad hoc basis extra stress scenarios can be done.

On a monthly basis the Risk Committee of the Fund Manager meets to discuss the performances and risks of the Fund. Any breaches are discussed. On a yearly basis a Risk Evaluation and Product Review is conducted.

In 2016 Privium's senior management team decided to engage an external party in the annual evaluation of the internal processes. This audit primarily focusses on risk management and compliance processes. In Q4 2021 this audit was executed for the sixth time and the findings were reported to Privium's management. The audit did not demonstrate any material deviations.

#### General principles of remuneration policy Privium Fund Management B.V. ('Privium')

Privium Fund Management B.V, Fund Manager of various funds, has a careful, controlled and sustainable remuneration policy which meets all the regulatory requirements as included in the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive (AIFMD), the guidelines on sound remuneration policies under the AIFMD (ESMA Guidelines) and the Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation. The remuneration policy is consistent with and contributes to a sound and effective risk management framework and does not encourage risk taking beyond what is acceptable for Privium Fund Management B.V.

The Board of Privium is responsible for establishing the Remuneration policy. The Board of Privium reviews the Remuneration policy at least once a year and the policy may be amended if circumstances warrant that. Remunerations at Privium may consist out of a fixed remuneration (this may include a payment to cover certain expenses of staff members) and a variable remuneration.

Privium may reclaim all or part of the variable remuneration paid if (i) this payment was made on the basis of incorrect information, (ii) in the event of fraud by the employee, (iii) in the event of serious improper behaviour by the employee or serious negligence in the performance of his tasks, or (iv) in the event of behaviour that has resulted in considerable losses for the fund or Privium.

#### **Remuneration policy 2021**

This policy is based on the situation as of December 31, 2021. The financial year of Privium ends on December 31 of any year. For some of the funds the compensation consists of both a management and a performance fee. Amounts reflect remuneration related to funds managed by Privium, for the time Privium was the Fund Manager of those funds.

The two tables below offer an overview of the remuneration at the level of Privium. The first table shows the remuneration overview as of December 31, 2020 and the second table shows the remuneration overview as of December 31, 2021.

Information per fund is not available. The Board of Privium is being described as Identified Staff in senior management roles. All other staff members are categorized as identified staff outside senior management roles.

	Identified staff in senior management roles	Identified staff outside senior management roles	Total staff
Number of staff	2	34	36
Total fixed remuneration	€ 148,421	€ 4,839,700	€ 4,988,121
Total variable remuneration	€ 35,000	€ 5,331,064	€ 5,366,064
Total remuneration	€ 183,421	€ 10,170,764	€ 10,354,185

Overview as December 31, 2020

#### Overview as December 31, 2021

	Identified staff in senior management roles	Identified staff outside senior management roles	Total staff
Number of staff	2	37	39
Total fixed remuneration	€ 167.492	€ 9.691.135	€ 9.858.627
Total variable remuneration	€ 42.500	€ 9.326.680	€ 9.369.180
Total remuneration	€ 209.992	€ 19.017.815	€ 19.227.807

Privium has delegated certain portfolio management duties of some of its funds to outside investment advisers ('delegates'). Remuneration of identified staff of delegates is not included in the table. The delegates are subject to regulatory requirements on remuneration policies and disclosures that are comparable with the requirements applicable to Privium. Reference to the remuneration of the delegates is included in the Prospectus and annual report of the funds concerned. Since no delegates for portfolio management have been assigned for the Guardian Fund this is not applicable to the Guardian Fund.

Variable payments to both identified staff members in senior management roles and identified staff outside senior management depend e.g. on the profitability of the company, the performance of the funds, extraordinary commitment to the firm, customer satisfaction, work according best practice ethical standards, compliance and risk management standards and/or other performance/non-performance related criteria. Regarding the 2021 performance of the Guardian Fund a performance fee of EUR 5,234,535 has been paid to Privium. Privium does not charge any employee remuneration fees to the funds, except for the Supermarkt Vastgoed fund.

Employee remuneration is paid out of the management and performance fees (if applicable). In total 39 staff members were involved during (some part of) the year 2021 (2020: 36), including consultants and including both part-time and full-time staff.

Three staff members, active in portfolio management, have earned more than Euro one million in relation to the performance results during the year 2021 (2020: one).

#### **Control Statement**

The Board of Privium Fund Management B.V. declares to have an AO/IB (Handbook) that meets the requirements of the "Wet op het financieel toezicht and the 'Besluit gedragstoezicht financiële ondernemingen ('Bgfo")". During 2021 we assessed the various aspects of the Privium operations as outlined in the AO/IB (Handbook). We have not identified any internal control measures that do not meet the requirements of Article 121 of the Bgfo and as such we declare that the operations in the year 2021 functioned effectively as described. During 2021 a number of independent service providers have conducted checks on Privium's operations as part of their ongoing responsibility and investor demand. No errors have been signaled.

Privium is updating its AO/IC (Handbook) on a regular basis as required by law. The 2021 update was completed in December 2021. During the fourth quarter of 2021 the external audit officer performed its annual due diligence on a number of internal procedures at the Fund Manager. These are mostly related to Compliance and Risk Management. The external audit officer has reported his findings to the Fund Manager in a report. No meaningful errors have been signalled.

#### Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (SFDR)

As per 10 March 2021 the EU Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (SFDR) has come into force. In the context of the Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (SFDR), the Fund has been classified as an Article 6 fund. The investments of the Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

# **Financial statements**

## Balance sheet as at 31 December

(Before appropriation of result)

(Before appropriation of result)		2021	2020
(all amounts in EUR)	Notes		
Assets			
<b>Investments</b> Equity securities	1	164,242,264	104,498,425
Total of investments		164,242,264	104,498,425
Intangible assets Deferred organisation costs	2	52,214	37,191
Total intangible assets		52,214	37,191
<b>Receivables</b> Other receivables	3	1,414	19,784
Total receivables		1,414	19,784
<b>Other assets</b> Cash	4	6,271,970	10,885,738
Total of other assets		6,271,970	10,885,738
Total assets		170,567,862	115,441,138
Liabilities			
<b>Net asset value</b> Units paid in surplus Undistributed income prior years Result current year	6	121,846,689 39,668,289 (2,400,886)	56,416,571 9,049,231 30,619,058
Total net asset value		159,114,092	96,084,860
<b>Other liabilities</b> Bank overdrafts Subscriptions received in advance Other liabilities	4 5 7	10,140,506 1,126,000 187,264	2,940,583 6,951,000 9,464,695
Total other liabilities		11,453,770	19,356,278
Total liabilities		170,567,862	115,441,138

## Profit and loss statement

(For the year ended 31 December)

(all amounts in EUR)	Notes	2021	2020
	Notes		
Investment result Dividend income	8	15,538	271,928
Total investment result		15,538	271,928
<b>Revaluation of investments</b> Realised results Unrealised results	9	6,241,212 (902,746)	5,680,311 34,805,183
Total changes in value		5,338,466	40,485,494
<b>Other results</b> Foreign currency translation Interest income Other results	10	(597,521) - (19,784)	279,516 69 -
Total other results		(617,305)	279,585
<b>Operating expenses</b> Management fee Performance fee Administration fees Custody expenses Depositary fees Interest expenses Brokerage fees and other transactions Audit fees Legal owner fees Supervision fees Organisational expenses Other expenses	11 12 13 14 15 17 16 2	(1,455,509) (5,235,034) (83,643) (25,162) (24,740) (147,007) (57,070) (24,754) (8,758) (9,505) (15,695) (48,542)	(498,428) (9,612,781) (26,556) (4,267) - (87,070) (97,891) (22,241) (655) (667) (1,308) (35,663)
Total operating expenses		(7,135,419)	(10,387,946)
Result for the year before tax		(2,398,720)	30,649,061
Withholding tax	19	(2,166)	(30,003)
Net result for the year after tax		(2,400,886)	30,619,058

## Cash flow statement

(For the year ended 31 December)

(all amounts in EUR)	Notes	2021	2020
Cash flow from operating activities			
Purchases of investments		(93,359,948)	(62,888,982)
Proceeds from sales of investments		38,954,575	50,219,136
Dividend received		15,538	271,928
Interest received		-	69
Performance and management fee paid		(16,014,387)	(3,073,753)
Interest paid Dividend paid		(147,007) (2,166)	(87,070) (30,003)
Other expenses paid		(267,893)	(245,590)
		(207,055)	(213,350)
Net cash flow from operating activities		(70,821,288)	(15,834,265)
Cash flow from financing activities			
Proceeds from subscriptions to units		65,754,367	25,157,783
Payments for redemption of units		(6,149,249)	(4,803,758)
Net cash flow from financing activities		59,605,118	20,354,025
Net cash flow for the year		(11,216,170)	4,519,760
Cash at beginning of the year		7,945,155	3,145,879
Foreign currency translation	10	(597,521)	279,516
Cash at the end of the year	4	(3,868,536)	7,945,155

# **Notes to the financial statements**

## **General information**

Guardian Fund (the "Fund") is a contractual investment fund ("beleggingsfonds" or "fonds voor gemene rekening"). It is not a legal entity but a contractual arrangement sui generis between the Fund Manager, the Legal Owner and the Unitholders. The Fund was established on 1 August 2010 and shall continue to exist for an indefinite period of time. The Fund's office address is that of the Fund Manager.

The Fund has an open-ended structure, which means that the Fund will on request issue and redeem Units, subject to certain restrictions as described herein. The Fund is governed inter alia by the Terms and Conditions. By subscribing to the Fund, a Unitholder represents and warrants to have reviewed the Terms and Conditions and agrees to be bound thereby. A Unitholder is admitted to the Fund by the issuance of Units.

The Fund's objective is to achieve capital growth through the long-term equity ownership of several listed businesses. To achieve this objective, the investment policy of the Fund is to predominantly invest in a concentrated portfolio of listed equity instruments issued by public companies around the world which meet the Investment Criteria. The portfolio will be managed actively subject to the Fund's performance and risk objectives and the Investment Restrictions.

The Fund has seven (7) classes of Units:

- General Class A;
- Institutional Class A;
- Institutional Class A Austrian Investors;
- Institutional Class B;
- Institutional Class C;
- Initial Class 1; and
- Initial Class 2.

The Classes differ in respect of certain key terms (fee levels) as specified in the Prospectus. The Institutional A Class – Austrian Investors Class may be held by investors residing in Austria only. Units of different Classes shall be issued in Series, a separate Series on each subscription date. All Classes provide exposure to the same Investment Objective and Investment Policy.

Unitholders have no proprietary rights with respect to the assets of the Fund but an economic interest in the assets of the Fund. The Trustee is the legal owner of all assets of the Fund. The Trustee will acquire and hold the assets on behalf and for the account of the Unitholders. Such interest of the Unitholders is represented by the Units held by each of them. Pursuant to the Terms and Conditions, the Trustee will grant a power of attorney to the Manager to manage (beheren) the assets of the Fund in accordance with the Terms and Conditions.

The base currency of the Fund is Euro.

The Fund qualifies as a transparent or "closed" fund for joint account Dutch tax purposes, since, Units can only be transferred to the Fund itself and Units can only be redeemed by the Fund.

The Fund is not listed on the stock exchange.

## Accounting policies

#### General

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with Part 9, Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code. The accounting principles of the Fund are summarized below. These accounting principles have all been applied consistently throughout the financial year and the preceding period.

#### Basis of accounting

Valuation of assets and liabilities and determination of the result takes place under the historical cost convention. Unless presented otherwise at the relevant principle for the specific balance sheet item, assets and liabilities are valued according to the cost model.

#### Measurement currency

The amounts included in the financial statements are denominated in euro, which is the functional and presentation currency.

#### Receivables

Upon initial recognition the receivables are included at fair value and then valued at amortised cost. The fair value and amortized cost equal the face value. Possible provisions deemed necessary for the risk of doubtful accounts are deducted. These provisions are determined by individual assessment of the receivables.

#### Investments

<u>Recognition and basis of measurement</u> All investment securities are initially recognized at cost.

#### **Valuation**

1. any security which is listed or quoted on any securities exchange or similar electronic system and regularly traded thereon will be valued at its last traded price on the relevant Business Day or, if no trades occurred on such day, at the closing bid price, as at the relevant Business Day, and as adjusted in such manner as the Administrator, in its sole discretion, thinks fit, having regard to the size of the holding; where prices are available on more than one exchange or system for a particular security the price will be the last traded price or closing bid or offer price, as the case may be, on the exchange which constitutes the main market for such security or the one which the Administrator in its sole discretion determine provides the fairest criteria in ascribing a value to such security;

2. investments, other than securities, which are dealt in or traded through a clearing firm or an exchange or through a financial institution will be valued by reference to the most recent official settlement price quoted by that clearing house, exchange or financial institution; if there is no such price, then the average will be taken between the lowest offer price and the highest bid price at the close of business on any market on which such investments are or can be dealt in or traded, provided that where such investments are dealt in or traded on more than one market, the Administrator may determine at its discretion which market shall prevail;

3. any security which is neither listed nor quoted on any securities exchange or similar electronic system or if, being so listed or quoted, is not regularly traded thereon or in respect of which no prices as described above are available, will be valued at its probable realization value as determined by the Administrator in good faith having regard to its cost price, the price at which any recent transaction in the security may have been effected, the size of the holding having regard to the total amount of such security in issue, and such other factors as the Administrator in its sole discretion deems relevant in considering a positive or negative adjustment to the valuation;

4. investments, other than securities, which are not dealt in or traded through a clearing firm or an exchange or through a financial institution will be valued on the basis of the latest available valuation provided by the relevant counterparty;

5. deposits will be valued at their cost-plus accrued interest;

6. all other Fund Assets and Fund Obligations shall be valued on the basis of current fair value, subject to the most recent market quotations and customary valuation methods that apply for the relevant Fund Asset or Fund Obligation; and

7. any value (whether of an investment or cash) otherwise than in Euros will be converted into Euros at the rate (whether official or otherwise) which the Administrator in its absolute discretion deems applicable as at close of business on the relevant Business Day, having regard, among other things, to any premium or discount which they considers may be relevant and to costs of exchange.

#### Gains and losses

Gains and losses are treated as realised for financial statement purposes on the trade date of the transaction closing or offsetting the open position against the historical cost price. Unrealised gains and losses are the difference between the value initially recognized and the fair value of open positions. All gains and losses are recognized in the profit and loss account.

#### Dividend and interest income

Dividends are recorded on the date that the dividends are declared, gross of applicable withholding taxes. Interest income is recognized on accrual basis.

#### **Derivative financial instruments**

Derivative financial instruments including foreign exchange contracts, stock market indexes and interest rate futures, forward rate agreements, currency and interest rate swaps, currency and interest rate options (both written and purchased) and other derivative financial instruments are initially recognized in the balance sheet at cost and subsequently are remeasured at their fair value. Fair values are obtained from quoted market prices. All derivative financial instruments are carried in assets when amounts are receivable by the Fund and in liabilities when amounts are payable by the Fund. Changes in fair values of derivatives are included in the profit and loss statement.

#### Translation of foreign currency

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Euro at the rates of exchange prevailing at yearend. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange prevailing at the date of the transaction. Realised and unrealised gains and losses on foreign currency transactions are charged or credited to the profit and loss account as foreign currency gains and losses except where they relate to investments where such amounts are included within realised and unrealised gains and losses on investments.

#### Brokerage/expenses

Commissions payable on opening and closing positions are recognized when the trade is entered into the Fund. Expenses are recorded in the period in which they originate. Transaction costs are borne by the Fund and be brought at the charge of the Fund's profit and loss account. Expenses on disposal of investments are deducted from the proceeds of disposal.

#### Cash

For the purpose of presentation in the balance sheet and the cash flow statement, cash is defined as cash at banks and brokers. The cash at bank and brokers is valued at face value. If cash is not freely disposable, then this has been taken into account upon valuation.

#### **Cash flow statement**

The cash flow statement is prepared using the direct method. The cash flow statement shows the Fund's cash flows for the period divided into cash flows from operations and financing activities.

Due to the nature of the Fund's operations, cash flows related to the financial instruments are included under operating activities. Cash flows from financing activities include proceeds from subscriptions and payments for redemptions of participations of the Fund.

Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand form an integral part of the Fund's cash management and are a component of cash.

#### **Ongoing charges figure (OCF)**

The ongoing charges figure contains all costs that have been charged to the Fund for the year 1 January 2021 until 31 December 2021 excluding the transaction costs, interest costs and performance fees. The ongoing charges figure is calculated by dividing all the costs of the period with the average net asset value. The average net asset value is calculated by adding all the monthly net asset values and divide them by the number of month's used (for this period the number of months is 12).

#### Turnover ratio (TOR)

The turnover ratio is calculated the following way: the sum of all purchases of investments plus the sum of all the sales of investments minus the sum for the subscriptions and redemptions. The total of this number will be divided by the average net asset value of the Fund and multiplied by 100.

## Notes to the balance sheet

#### 1. Investments

(all amounts in EUR)	2021	2020
Equity securities	164,242,264	104,498,425
Position as per 31 December	164,242,264	104,498,425

The market value of the investments is based on quoted market prices. The movement of the financial instruments is as follows:

Balance at 31 December	164,242,264	104,498,425
Unrealised investment result	(902,746)	34,805,183
Realised investment result	6,241,212	5,680,311
Sales	(38,954,575)	(50,219,136)
Purchases	93,359,948	62,888,982
Opening balance	104,498,425	51,343,085
Equity		

#### 2. Deferred organisation costs

The Fund has deferred the costs of changing the Fund Manager role and Privium Fund Management B.V. becoming the Alternative Investment Fund Manager of the Fund. The total organisation costs amount to EUR 69,217 and these are expensed in a period of 60 months.

(all amounts in EUR)	2021	2020
Opening balance	37,191	-
Deferred organisation costs Depreciation	30,718 (15,695)	38,499 (1,308)
Position as per 31 December	52,214	37,191

#### 3. Other receivables

(all amounts in EUR)	2021	2020
Prepaid administration fee Other receivables	1,414	- 19,784
Position as per 31 December	1,414	19,784

#### 4. Cash

At 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020, no restrictions on the use of cash exist. The following cash position were held:

(all amounts in EUR)	2021	2020
BinckBank N.V. Rabobank	(7,594,351) 3,725,815	(2,825,571) 10,770,726
Position as per 31 December	(3,868,536)	7,945,155

#### 5. Subscriptions received in advance

Subscriptions received in advance represent money received for dealing date 3 January 2022, on which date it will be transferred to the net asset value.

#### 6. Redeemable units

Unitholders may have their Units redeemed by the Fund. The Fund aims to only work with investors who share the long-term philosophy of the Fund Manager. To ensure potential investors think seriously about their investment horizon, redemption fees apply to redemptions of Units of all Classes except of Initial Class 2 within three (3) years of investing.

The early redemption fee decreases on a linear basis over thirty-six (36) months of investing from three per cent. (3%) to zero per cent. (0%).

Redemption is possible at the first (1) Business Day of each calendar month. Unitholders should send a completed redemption notice to the Fund Manager and the Administrator at least twenty (20) Business Days before the desired Transaction Date. If the Investor fails to do a timely redemption request, then the redemption will be postponed until the following Transaction Date. The Fund Manager may decide, in its absolute discretion, to shorten this period between receiving a redemption notice and the Transaction Date, but the request needs to be received by the Fund Manager and the Administrator at least one business day before the Transaction Date, in all cases.

On each Transaction Date the Fund will redeem Units at the Unit NAV on the Business Date preceding such Transaction Date (possibly less a redemption charge).

On each Transaction Date the Fund will, if so requested by a Unitholder, redeem Units at the Net Asset Value of the Unit at the end of the Business Day preceding that on which redemption takes place, minus a possible redemption charge of maximum three per cent. (3%). The full redemption fee is for the benefit of the Fund Manager. Given the fact that the Fund is investing on the basis of fundamentals and the potential of companies and not betting on a short-term direction of a stock price, a redemption charge will be charged to the Unitholders upon a redemption within 3 years after Units in the Fund have been received in order to discourage a short term investment.

The Fund Manager reserves the right to restrict redemption of Units on a Transaction Date to Units representing up to five per cent. (5%) of the Fund's Net Asset Value. In the event redemption requests exceeding that amount are received, the number of Units redeemed per redeeming Unitholder will be prorated accordingly. Any remaining Units offered for redemption will receive preferential treatment over subsequent redemption requests at the next following Transaction Dates, in which case redemption will take place against the Unit NAV on the Business Day preceding that Transaction Date.

The minimum redemption amount is EUR 10,000. The Fund Manager may decide, but is not obliged, to lower this amount in individual cases.

#### Movement schedule of net asset value

(all amounts in EUR)	2021	2020
<b>Participations paid in surplus</b> Opening balance Subscriptions to redeemable units Redemption of redeemable units	56,416,571 71,579,367 (6,149,249)	42,490,429 18,206,783 (4,280,641)
Closing balance	121,846,689	56,416,571
Undistributed income prior years Opening balance Addition from undistributed result Closing balance	9,049,231 30,619,058 <b>39,668,289</b>	(2,127,513) 11,176,744 <b>9,049,231</b>
<b>Undistributed result</b> Opening balance Addition to undistributed income prior years Result current year	30,619,058 (30,619,058) (2,400,886)	11,176,744 (11,176,744) 30,619,058
Closing balance	(2,400,886)	30,619,058
Total net assets value at 31 December	159,114,092	96,084,860
Movement schedule of units		
(in number of units)	2021	2020
<b>Outstanding units</b> Opening balance Subscriptions to redeemable units Redemption of redeemable units Conversion of redeemable units <sup>4</sup>	311,512 700,403 (17,774) (21,925)	224,463 106,499 (19,450)
Outstanding units at 31 December	972,216	311,512
7. Other liabilities		
7. Other liabilities (all amounts in EUR)	2021	2020

**Balance at 31 December** 

187,264

9,464,695

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Conversions are transactions whereby units of one class are converted to another class within the Fund.

## Notes to the profit and loss statement

#### 8. Dividend income

(all amounts in EUR)	2021	2020
Dividend income	15,538	271,928
Total dividend income	15,538	271,928
9. Revaluation of investments		
(all amounts in EUR)	2021	2020
<i>Net realised result on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss</i> Realised gains on equities Realised losses on equities	10,334,682 (4,093,470)	
Total realised result	6,241,212	5,680,311
Net unrealised result on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Unrealised gains on equities Unrealised losses on equities	27,539,528 (28,442,274)	
Total unrealised result	(902,746)	34,805,183
Total revaluation of investments	5,338,466	40,485,494

#### **10.** Foreign currency translation

Realised and unrealised exchange differences consist of realised and unrealised translation gains (losses) on assets and liabilities other than financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss and amount to a loss of EUR 597,521 (2020: a gain of EUR 279,516).

#### 11. Management fee

For managing the Fund, the Fund Manager will receive a fixed annual management fee which is a percentage of the Fund's Net Asset Value. The management fee will be calculated bi-monthly on the basis of the Net Asset Value of the Fund, to be paid monthly in arrears.

The following Management Fee percentages are applied per Class:

•	General Class A	1.20%
•	Institutional Class A	1.00%
•	Institutional Class A – Austrian Investors	1.00%
•	Institutional Class B	0.90%
•	Institutional Class C	0.90%
•	Initial Class 1	1.10%
•	Initial Class 2	0.80%

The Management Fee for the year 2021 amounts to EUR 1,455,509 (2020: EUR 498,428).

#### **12.** Performance fee

For managing the Fund, the Fund Manager is entitled to a performance fee amounting to the Fund's increase in Net Asset Value per month. The fee will be calculated bi-monthly on the basis of the Net Asset Value of the Fund and will be crystalized and paid quarterly (except for the possible realized performance fee in respect of Units that redeem, which shall be realized per the moment of redemption).

The following Performance Fee percentages are applied per Class:

		•
٠	General Class A	25% above 5% annual hurdle
٠	Institutional Class A	25% above 5% annual hurdle
٠	Institutional Class A – Austrian Investors	25% above 5% annual hurdle
٠	Institutional Class B	20% above 5% annual hurdle
٠	Institutional Class C	20% above 6% annual hurdle
٠	Initial Class 1	25% above 6% annual hurdle
٠	Initial Class 2	25% above 6% annual hurdle

The Performance Fee for the year 2021 amounts to EUR 5,235,034 (2020: EUR 9,612,781).

#### 13. Administration fees

The Fund has appointed Bolder Fund Services (Netherlands) B.V. as the administrator. The administrator is entitled to an annual administration fee of 0.05% of the Net Asset Value of the Fund as of the last calendar day of each month up to an NAV of EUR 100,000,000. Thereafter, an annual fee equal to zero point zero four per cent (0.04%) of the Net Asset Value of the Fund as of the last calendar day of each month shall apply. The minimum administrator fee will at all times be EUR 17,500 per annum. For each additional activated Class, an additional fee of EUR 1,500 shall apply.

For the preparation of the Fund's annual and semi-annual financial statements, the Administrator will charge an annual fixed fee of four thousand Euros (EUR 4,000) (excluding VAT). For FATCA related services, the Administrator will charge the Fund an annual fixed fee of three thousand Euros (EUR 3,000) (excluding VAT) based on a total of one hundred and twenty (120) Unitholders. For each additional Unitholder, an additional fee of fifty Euros EUR 50) shall apply. For Annex IV reporting related services, the Administrator will charge the Fund an annual fixed fee of two thousand Euros (EUR 2,000) per report (excluding VAT).

#### 14. Custody expenses

The Fund has appointed BinckBank N.V. as custodian to the Fund. In remuneration of the Custodian's services to the Fund, the Fund shall pay the Custodian an annual remuneration equal to zero point zero one five per cent (0.015%) (i.e. one point five (1.5) basis points) of the Net Asset Value.

#### 15. Depositary fees

The Fund has appointed Darwin Depositary Services B.V. as the depositary of the Fund. The depositary is entitled to an annual fee equal to 0.014% (1.4 basis points) of the Net Asset Value as of the last calendar day of each quarter. The depositary fee is payable quarterly in advance and subject to an annual minimum fee of EUR 16,945.

#### 16. Legal Owner fees

Stichting Juridisch Eigendom, Guardian Fund has been appointed as Management Board of the Legal Owner. The remuneration consists of an annual fixed fee of EUR 3,500 and variable remuneration of 0.0125%. This fee has been capped at EUR 6,500 per annum. Any additional services being performed will be paid based on an hourly rate basis.

#### 17. Audit fees

The audit fees relates solely to the audit of the annual financial statements. The Independent Auditor does not provide any other audit or non-audit services to the Fund.

#### **18.** Related parties

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party making financial or operational decisions.

All services rendered by the Fund from the Fund Manager therefore qualify as related party transactions. During the year, the Fund paid management fees of EUR 1,402,500 (2020: EUR 452,640) to the Fund Manager.

#### **19.** Income and withholding tax

The Fund is organized as an investment Fund ("Fonds voor gemene rekening") under the current system of taxation in The Netherlands. The Fund is transparent for The Netherlands corporate income tax purposes. As a consequence, the Fund is not subject to The Netherlands corporate income tax. Certain dividend and interest income received by the Fund are subject to withholding tax imposed in the country of origin. During the year the average withholding tax rate incurred by the Fund was 13.94% (2020: 11.03%).

## **Other notes**

#### **Risk management**

The nature of the Fund's investments involves certain risks and the Fund may utilise investment techniques (such as leverage, short selling and the use of derivatives) which may carry additional risks. An investment in the Fund therefore carries substantial risk and is suitable only for persons who can afford the risk of losing their entire investment. The Fund's financial risks are managed by diversification of the financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss. For further explanation of the investment objectives, policies and processes, refer to the General section of the notes to the financial statements

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the value of a security fluctuates as a result of changes in market prices whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual security or its issuer or factors affecting all securities traded in the market. Market risk contains market price risk, currency risk and interest rate risk. Where non-monetary securities – for example, equity securities – are denominated in currencies other than the EUR, the price initially expressed in foreign currency and then converted into EUR also fluctuates because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The paragraph 'Currency risk' sets out how this component of price risk is managed and measured.

The total market risk that the Fund bears at 31 December 2021 is the total net financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss in the amount of EUR 164,242,264 (2020: EUR 104,498,425). If the prices had risen/fallen by 5%, the total financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss would have increased/decreased by EUR 8,212,113 (2020: EUR 5,224,921).

#### Currency risk

The Fund may invest in assets denominated in currencies other than its functional currency, the EUR. Consequently, the Fund is exposed to risks that the exchange rate of the EUR relative to other currencies may change in a manner which has an adverse effect on the reported value of that portion of the Fund's assets which are denominated in currencies other than the EUR. The Fund is exposed to currency risk since most of the investments are denominated in USD.

The currency exposure of the Fund's portfolio at 31 December is as follows (all amounts in EUR):

	2021		2020	
	Fair value	% of NAV	Fair value	% of NAV
New Zealand dollar United States dollar	- 154,101,758	- 96.85	3,245,810 97,873,882	3.38 101.86
Total	154,101,758	96.85	101,119,692	105.24

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to fluctuations in the value of, amongst others, fixed-income security resulting from changes in the general level of interest rates. When the general level of interest rates goes up, the prices of fixed-income securities will generally go down and vice versa. Financial assets and liabilities with longer durations tend to be more sensitive to changes in interest rates, usually making them more volatile than securities with shorter durations. The Fund's income and operating cash flows are dependent on changes in market interest rates.

At 31 December 2021, the Fund has no interest bearing securities except for cash at banks which is subject to normal market related short term interest rates. Therefore, the Fund is not exposed to significant interest rate risks.

#### Credit risk

The Fund could lose money if the issuer of an underlying fixed income security or money market instrument, the counterparty or clearing house of a derivatives contract or repurchase agreement, a Custodian at which a deposit or other assets are held, or the counterparty in a securities lending agreement does not honor his obligations. Issuers of fixed income instruments and other counterparties are subject to varying degrees of credit risks which are reflected in their credit ratings. The Fund's investment restrictions have been designed to limit the credit risk to any counterparty but this offers no guarantee that a credit event will not occur. The Fund is also exposed to credit risk on its cash which are held at Rabobank and BinckBank N.V.. The Standard & Poor's credit rating for these banks are A+ and not rated at 31 December 2021 (2020: A+ and not rated).

The Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk (not taking into account the value of any collateral or other security held) in the event that counterparties fail to perform their obligations at 31 December 2021 and 2020 in relation to the assets, is the carrying amount of EUR 6,273,384 (2020: EUR 10,905,522) as indicated in the statement of financial position.

#### **Custody risk**

The Fund's assets are held at BinckBank N.V. All long positions and regular cash accounts are segregated and therefore their counterparty risk should be negligible.

#### **Liquidity risk**

The Fund may invest in securities or investment funds which can be illiquid and can apply a lock-up for their investors. This might have a pricing and liquidity effect on the Fund and might ultimately lead to a slower redemption process for investors in the Fund. The Liquidity of the Fund is monitored by the Fund Manager on an ongoing basis.

#### Sustainability risk

Sustainability risk in the context of the Fund is defined as the risk of a decrease in the value of an investment of the Fund due to an environmental, social or governance (ESG) related event. Such an event may have a direct negative impact on the financials of a portfolio company or a longer-term impact on the operations or earnings capacity of the portfolio company.

#### 20. Ongoing charges figure (OCF)

(all amounts in EUR)	2021	2020
Average net asset value	153,872,265	68,276,006
Total ongoing expenses	1,696,308	590,204
Ongoing charges figure	1.10%	0.86%

#### 21. Turnover ratio (TOR)

The turnover ratio for the Fund over the period 1 January 2021 until 31 December 2021 is: 35 (2020: 133)

#### 22. Core business and outsourcing

The following key task have been outsourced by the Fund:

#### Administration

The administration has been delegated to Bolder Fund Services (Netherlands) B.V, who carries out the administration of the Fund, including the processing of all investment transactions, processing of revenues and expenses and the preparation of the NAV. It also states, under the responsibility of the Manager, the interim report and the financial statements of the Fund. For information on the fees of the Administrator refer to note 13.

#### 23. Events after balance sheet date

The Russian invasion in Ukraine has caused clear market volatility. The Fund has no direct exposure to Ukraine, Belarus or Russia.

On behalf of the Fund Manager, the administrator of the Fund carries out ongoing sanctions screening on the investors of the Fund. Here, no hits have been identified.

Further escalation of the conflict is expected to dampen global growth, especially in Europe. This might have an impact on the performance of the Fund.

No other material events occurred after the balance sheet date that could influence the transparency of the financial statements.

#### Change of investment restriction

In March 2022 an investment restriction, as mentioned in the prospectus of the Guardian Fund, has been optimized. Here the at cost limit per position has been changed into a position limit as a percentage of the Net Asset Value of the Fund. Since the amendment is not causing a reduction in Unitholders' rights or security, imposing costs or liabilities on the Unitholders or causing a change to the Investment Policy, the amendment has become effective immediately in accordance with the Prospectus and the Terms of Conditions of the Fund.

#### 24. Personnel

The Fund did not employ personnel during the year (2020: nil).

#### 25. Appropriation of the result

The primary objective of the Fund is to achieve capital growth. Distributions are not foreseen. The Fund's Net Proceeds will be added annually to the Fund's reserves unless the Fund Manager specifies otherwise. Any distributions to Unitholders will be made pro rata to the numbers of Units held by each of them in each Series. Distributions of Net Proceeds will be made in cash, in Euro.

Amsterdam, 27 June 2022

Fund Manager Privium Fund Management B.V.

# **Other information**

## Personal holdings of the Fund Manager

As of December 31, 2021 the Investment team of the Fund also maintains an investment in the Fund. This represents 1,000 (2020: 1,000) Initial Class 2 Units.

The Investment team of the Fund, also holds the following positions in companies in which the Fund has been invested.

	31-12-2021	31-12-2020
Positions		
23andme Holding	6,000	-
Affirm	1,170	-
Alphabet	30	30
Cloudflare	2,500	4,000
Coinbase	850	-
Crowdstrike	1,150	700
Elastic	1,700	1,400
Fastly	-	2,500
Palantir	58,500	36,000
Roblox	250	-
Roku	1,000	1,650
Sea	3,900	3,000
Shopify	690	560
Snowflake	950	-
Spotify	1,200	875
Square	400	900
Stoneco	4,000	1,700
Teladoc	-	1,200
Tencent	-	400
Twillio	-	460
Wix	-	200

## Independent Auditor's report

The independent auditor's report has been attached at the end of this report.



# Independent auditor's report

To: the management board of Guardian Fund

# Report on the audit of the financial statements 2021 included in the annual report

#### Our opinion

We have audited the financial statements 2021 of Guardian Fund based in Amsterdam, the Netherlands.

In our opinion the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of Guardian Fund at 31 December 2021, and of its result for 2021 in accordance with Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code.

The financial statements comprise:

- The balance sheet as at 31 December 2021
- The following statements for 2021: profit and loss statement and cash flow statement
- The notes comprising a summary of the accounting policies and other explanatory information

#### Basis for our opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Dutch law, including the Dutch Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent Guardian Fund in accordance with the Verordening inzake de onafhankelijkheid van accountants bij assurance-opdrachten (ViO, Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, a regulation with respect to independence) and other relevant independence regulations in the Netherlands. Furthermore we have complied with the Verordening gedrags- en beroepsregels accountants (VGBA, Dutch Code of Ethics).

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Report on other information included in the annual report

In addition to the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon, the annual report contains other information that consists of:

- General information
- Key figures
- Fund manager report
- Other information as required by Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code

Based on the following procedures performed, we conclude that the other information:

- Is consistent with the financial statements and does not contain material misstatements
- Contains the information as required by Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code



We have read the other information. Based on our knowledge and understanding obtained through our audit of the financial statements or otherwise, we have considered whether the other information contains material misstatements. By performing these procedures, we comply with the requirements of Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code and the Dutch Standard 720. The scope of the procedures performed is substantially less than the scope of those performed in our audit of the financial statements.

The manager is responsible for the preparation of the other information, including the board report in accordance with Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code and other information required by Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code.

# Description of responsibilities for the financial statements

#### Responsibilities of the manager for the financial statements

The fund manager is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code. Furthermore, the fund manager is responsible for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

As part of the preparation of the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the fund's ability to continue as a going concern. Based on the financial reporting framework mentioned, the manager should prepare the financial statements using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. The manager should disclose events and circumstances that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern in the financial statements.

#### Our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objective is to plan and perform the audit engagement in a manner that allows us to obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence for our opinion.

Our audit has been performed with a high, but not absolute, level of assurance, which means we may not detect all material errors and fraud during our audit.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. The materiality affects the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures and the evaluation of the effect of identified misstatements on our opinion.

We have exercised professional judgment and have maintained professional skepticism throughout the audit, in accordance with Dutch Standards on Auditing, ethical requirements and independence requirements. Our audit included among others:

Identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, designing and performing audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtaining audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control



- Obtaining an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control
- Evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management
- Concluding on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting, and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause a company to cease to continue as a going concern
- Evaluating the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures
- Evaluating whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation

We communicate with the fund manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant findings in internal control that we identify during our audit.

The Hague, 27 June 2022

Ernst & Young Accountants LLP

signed by R.J. Bleijs