

Principia Fund N.V.

The Netherlands

ANNUAL REPORT

for the year ended 31 December 2019

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General information

Registered Office	Gustav Mahlerplein 3 Symphony Offices, 26 th Floor 1082 MS Amsterdam The Netherlands
Fund Manager	Privium Fund Management B.V. Gustav Mahlerplein 3 Symphony Offices, 26 th Floor 1082 MS Amsterdam The Netherlands
Foundation	Stichting Administratiekantoor Principia Luna Arena Herikerbergweg 238 P.O. Box 23393 1101 CM Amsterdam The Netherlands
Administrator	Apex Fund Services (Netherlands) B.V. Van Heuven Goedhartlaan 935A 1181 LD Amstelveen The Netherlands
Independent Auditor	Ernst & Young Accountants LLP Wassenaarseweg 80 2596 CZ The Hague The Netherlands
Payment Bank	ABN AMRO Bank N.V. Gustav Mahlerlaan 10 1082 PP Amsterdam The Netherlands
Custodian	ABN AMRO Clearing Bank N.V. Gustav Mahlerlaan 10 1082 PP Amsterdam The Netherlands

General information *(continued)*

Fiscal Advisor (UK)

Rawlinson & Hunter
8th Floor
6 New Street Square
New Fetter Lane
London EC4A 3AQ
United Kingdom

Depository

Darwin Depository Services B.V.
Barbara Strozilaan 101
1083 HN Amsterdam
The Netherlands

Historical multi-year overview

Key figures

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
(All amounts in EUR)					
Equity at the beginning of the year	15,839,465	18,082,303	16,884,334	13,330,392	13,301,391
Issue of units	10,252,784	295,611	1,001,578	849,437	751,393
Direct investment result	508,439	393,016	244,267	225,332	284,531
Indirect investment result	3,788,297	(1,756,129)	520,849	2,879,100	(421,440)
	<u>30,388,985</u>	<u>17,014,801</u>	<u>18,651,028</u>	<u>17,284,261</u>	<u>13,915,875</u>
Redemption of units	9,556,311	801,517	264,639	78,906	271,050
Expenses	348,299	373,819	304,086	321,021	314,433
Equity at the end of the year	<u>20,484,375</u>	<u>15,839,465</u>	<u>18,082,303</u>	<u>16,884,334</u>	<u>13,330,392</u>
Investments	20,388,102	15,621,165	16,268,876	14,836,177	11,382,564
Cash	1,078,053	420,511	1,857,697	2,118,886	2,007,437
Other assets and liabilities	(981,780)	(202,211)	(44,270)	(70,729)	(59,609)
Equity at the end of the year	<u>20,484,375</u>	<u>15,839,465</u>	<u>18,082,303</u>	<u>16,884,334</u>	<u>13,330,392</u>
Net profit/(loss)					
Investment income	508,439	393,016	244,267	225,332	284,531
Indirect investment result	3,788,297	(1,756,129)	520,849	2,879,100	(421,440)
Expenses	(348,299)	(373,819)	(304,086)	(321,021)	(314,433)
Net profit/(loss)	<u>3,948,437</u>	<u>(1,736,932)</u>	<u>461,030</u>	<u>2,783,411</u>	<u>(451,342)</u>
Number of units					
Class A	133,270.9370	128,721.9657	133,534.7698	128,336.9880	122,341.5640
Class B	8,871.7694	8,031.5235	7,154.7262	6,497.5789	5,812.8157
Unitholders' equity per unit in accordance with Dutch GAAP¹					
Class A	143.47	115.42	128.23	125.02	103.92
Class B	153.73	122.32	134.14	129.16	106.03
Unitholders' equity per unit in accordance with the Prospectus¹					
Class A	143.47	115.46	128.38	125.32	104.36
Class B	153.73	122.38	134.31	129.47	106.48
Performance					
Class A	24.30%	(9.99)%	2.57%	20.30%	(3.03)%
Class B	25.68%	(8.81)%	3.86%	21.82%	(1.81)%

¹ The unitholders' equity per unit is calculated in accordance with Dutch GAAP. Refer to note 18 of these financial statements for the 2018 reconciliation between the unitholders' equity calculated in accordance with the Prospectus and the unitholders' equity calculated in accordance with Dutch GAAP. There was no reconciliation for 2019 as the incorporation costs were fully amortised as at 31 December 2019.

Management report

General equity market conditions

Despite a host of geopolitical concerns, continued aggressive monetary stimulus was a powerful countervailing force and global equities performed strongly in 2019.

The MSCI World Index (measured by the iShares Core MSCI World UCITS ETF) returned +29.6% in 2019. The vast majority of this was driven by multiple expansion; with the index's consensus P/E ratio increasing from 14.3x to 18.2x during the year.

The technology sector was by far the stronger sector, returning +48.9%, while energy was the weakest, returning +9.8%.

The MSCI World Growth Index (+36.3%) continued to trounce the MSCI World Value Index (+24.2%). Global growth has outperformed value in nine out of the last ten years and the performance differential has become substantial. The performance spread between the MSCI World Value and Growth indices over the last decade is around 108%. Much of this performance differential has come from a change in the spread in valuation multiples. The current consensus P/E for the MSCI world growth index is now much higher the consensus P/E for the MSCI World Value Index when compared against history. Over the past 20 years, the valuation gap has only been higher during the dot.com bubble.

A preference for low volatility stocks, as well as high growth story stocks and a rejection of economically sensitive stocks has underpinned much of the massive divergence in valuation spreads.

Not only do we observe these kinds of divergences in growth vs. value but also between US and non-US equities, as well between mega-cap and smaller sized companies.

Performance

In 2019, the Fund generated a return of +24.3% (Class A) / +25.63% (Class B) against +29.6% for the MSCI World Index and +24.2% for the MSCI World Value Index. We believe performance for the Fund was in line with expectations given the Fund's high active share, contrarian value-based strategy and the current market backdrop which we believe heavily favours popular "factors" like growth and momentum, as well as mega cap stocks highly represented in passive benchmarks.

Our objective is to achieve superior long-term capital appreciation and we believe the best way to achieve that is to invest in a diversified group of attractive businesses that are trading at sizeable discounts to our valuation assessments. The Fund does not seek to mirror the exposure in a benchmark. A result of this approach is that the portfolio (and consequently its performance) will differ materially from the benchmark. We believe relatively little weight should be placed on short-term results, good or bad. We would be disappointed, however, if the Fund did not significantly exceed the performance of a passive global benchmark over a full market cycle.

Portfolio developments

There are three ways in which we aim to put the odds in our favour in terms of generating attractive long-term performance for our investors. The first is to identify businesses that will grow their underlying intrinsic values over time. If the Fund holds a collection of well managed businesses that are likely to reinvest free cash flows at attractive returns on capital, then the intrinsic value of the portfolio will grow over time.

The second is to buy businesses for less than their current underlying values. Buying businesses for less than they are worth, lowers risk and increases return. If the discount to value unwinds over time, investors should benefit from the movement toward value plus the growth in value.

And finally, through our incremental trading activity, we aim to further grow the value of the Fund by proactively recycling capital from relatively more expensive securities to less expensive securities as the relationships between price and fundamentals change over time. By selling shares of companies with higher price to value ratios and reinvesting proceeds into companies with lower price to value ratios, we can buy more value for each dollar invested and hence further increase the intrinsic value of the Fund.

Management report (*continued*)

Portfolio developments (*continued*)

In addition to several incremental adds and trims of existing positions, during the year we initiated nine new positions and exited nine for the Fund.

The nine new positions purchased in 2019 were AbbVie, Bristol-Myers Squibb, Fedex, G4S, National Oilwell Varco, Owens-Illinois, Société BIC, Teck Resources and WM Morrison Supermarkets.

The nine positions exited during the year were Apple, Celgene, FTD, QinetiQ, Qualcomm, Safran, Sanofi, SJM Holdings, Tata Motors. We sold as the stock prices approached or surpassed our estimates of fair value and as we were able to find more attractively valued new opportunities to recycle capital into.

From a sector perspective Materials was the largest increase in exposure as the weight in the Fund rose from 0% at the end of 2018 to 3.1% at the end of 2019. The largest decline in exposure was Technology, which declined from 11.5% at the end of 2018 to 5.4% at the end of 2019.

The Fund's cash levels remained low and declined further from approximately 1.6% to 0.5% over the course of the year. In addition, we continued to hold a position in a Gold ETF equating to approximately 3.8% of the Fund. We view Gold as a form of currency with unique diversifying and store of value properties, particularly in times of market distress.

Review 2019

We believe that, at current prices, prospective long-term returns for aggregate world developed markets (particularly large segments of the US market), as represented by major indices, continue to be relatively low when compared to historic norms. Despite this, we believe the current environment has created several valuation disparities that create opportunities conducive to high active share, long-term value-oriented strategies. The valuation spread between traditional value and growth indices, between mega cap and smaller sized companies as well as between the US and the rest of the world is very wide; but much of the recent outperformance has been due to multiple expansion rather than unusual divergences in fundamentals relative to previous cycles. We believe these discrepancies have created increasing opportunities for attractive investments for the Fund.

As of year-end; the median consensus P/E for the portfolio was 11.4x against 17.6x for the MSCI World and the median consensus P/B was 1.4x against 2.1x for the MSCI World; while we believe the portfolio in aggregate consists of a collection of businesses that are not of lower quality than the market.

We believe we have been able to uncover and assemble a portfolio of attractive businesses trading at attractive valuations. We continue to feel confident in our strategy and the Fund's potential for the generation of superior long-term returns.

Outlook 2020

At the time of writing this report global financial markets have been under severe pressure caused by the concerns of the effects of the corona virus ("COVID-19") outbreak. Some recovery has occurred, but the outlook remains uncertain.

COVID-19 will certainly have a large impact on the general economy and the supply chains of global commercial players across major industries such as electronics, car manufacturing, and consumer goods. Likely we will face a global recession and unemployment will be rising. There is clear uncertainty about the extent of this economic downturn. As such, there might be a further downward pressure on prices of various asset classes. Governments and central banks have already intervened on a large scale and have announced large fiscal and monetary stimulus packages. It is expected that they will continue to do so.

Based on current available information there are no continuity issues for the Fund.

General principles of remuneration policy Privium Fund Management B.V. (Privium)

Privium Fund Management B.V. has a careful, controlled and sustainable remuneration policy which meets all the requirements included in the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive ("AIFMD") and the guidelines on sound remuneration policies under the AIFMD (ESMA Guidelines). The remuneration policy is consistent with and contributes to a sound and effective risk management framework and does not encourage risk taking beyond what is acceptable for Privium Fund Management B.V.

Management report (*continued*)

General principles of remuneration policy Privium Fund Management B.V. ('Privium') (*continued*)

The Board of Privium Fund Management B.V. is responsible for establishing the Remuneration policy. The Board of Privium Fund Management B.V. reviews the Remuneration policy at least once a year and the policy may be amended if circumstances warrant that. Remunerations at Privium Fund Management B.V. may consist out of a fixed salary (this may include a payment to cover certain expenses of staff members) and a variable remuneration. Privium Fund Management B.V. may reclaim all or part of the variable remuneration paid if (i) this payment was made on the basis of incorrect information, (ii) in the event of fraud by the employee, (iii) in the event of serious improper behaviour by the employee or serious negligence in the performance of his tasks, or (iv) in the event of behaviour that has resulted in considerable losses for the fund or Privium Fund Management B.V.

Remuneration policy 2019

This policy is based on the situation as of 31 December 2019. The financial year of the Fund Manager ends on 31 December of any year. For some of the funds the compensation consists of both a management and a performance fee. In 2019 the aggregate costs for staff totalled EUR 9,844,027. The table below offers an overview of the remuneration at the level of Privium Fund Management B.V.. Information per fund is not available. The Board of Privium Fund Management is being described as Identified Staff in senior management roles. All other staff members are categorized as identified staff outside senior management roles.

	Identified staff in senior management roles	Identified staff outside senior management roles	Total staff
Number of staff	2	33	35
Total fixed remuneration	€ 161,214	€ 5,323,500	€ 5,484,714
Total variable remuneration	€ 20,000	€ 4,339,313	€ 4,359,313
Total remuneration	€ 181,214	€ 9,662,813	€ 9,844,027

Privium Fund Management B.V. has delegated certain portfolio management duties of some of its funds to outside investment advisers ('delegates'). Remuneration of identified staff of delegates is not included in the table. The delegates are subject to regulatory requirements on remuneration policies and disclosures that are comparable with the requirements applicable to Privium Fund Management B.V. Reference to the remuneration of the delegates is included in the Prospectus and annual report of the funds concerned. Since no delegates have been assigned for the Principia Fund N.V. this is not applicable to the Principia Fund N.V.

Variable payments to both identified staff members in senior management roles and identified staff outside senior management depend on the profitability of the company, the performance of the funds, extraordinary commitment to the firm, customer satisfaction, work according best practice ethical standards, and/or other performance/non-performance related criteria. In 2019 no variable payments regarding the Principia Fund N.V. have been paid to any Identified Staff of Privium. Privium Fund Management B.V., the Fund Manager of the various funds, does not charge any employee remuneration fees to the funds, except for the Supermarkt Vastgoed fund.

Employee remuneration is paid out of the management and performance fees (if applicable). In total 35 staff members were involved during (some part of) the year, including consultants and including both part-time and full-time staff. One of the staff members, active in portfolio management, has earned more than EUR 1,000,000 in relation to the performance results during the year 2019.

Risk management and willingness to take risks

There have been no risk breaches during the year 2019. The risk profile of the Fund hasn't changed during the reporting period. Neither did the investment objective (s) or any of the investment restrictions of the Fund changed during the reporting period.

Management report (*continued*)

Risk management and willingness to take risks (*continued*)

Reference to the investment objective (s), risk profile and the investment restrictions of the Fund is made in the Prospectus of the Fund and the Key Investor Information Document.

In the table below we list the various risks to which investors in the Fund are exposed and we discuss the measures applied to manage these risks and their potential impact on the Fund's NAV's.

Sorts of risks	Risk hedged	Measures applied and expected effectiveness	Impact on 2019 NAV	Expected impact on 2020 NAV if risk materializes	Adjustments made or expected adjustments to risk management in 2019 or 2020
Price/Market Risk	No	The fund has been holding cash and long only equity positions. In line with the philosophy of the fund, buying shares of companies at a price that is lower than the intrinsic value is a fundamental part of the risk management framework of the fund. Strong bottom-up company analysis is a very important item in mitigating risks during the holding period of a position. However share price fluctuations due to general equity market movements during the holding period can't be mitigated or avoided in full by conducting company analysis. This risk is inherent when securities like equities are traded.	The Fund gained +24.26% in 2019. The Fund underperformed its benchmark. The iShares Core MSCI World UCITS ETF gained +29.58% in 2019.	Investments are being selected on having discounts to its intrinsic value but largely this will also depend on general market circumstances.	No
Interest rate risk	No	The Fund has no interest bearing financial instruments except for cash at bank. Therefore the Fund is not exposed to significant interest rate risk.	None	None	No
Foreign Exchange risk	No	FX risk is not being hedged. It is not expected that this will change in the near future either.	Around 85% of the investments are denominated in non-EUR currencies (mostly USD) and because of the appreciation of the US Dollar this had a positive impact in 2019.	This will largely depend on FX movements.	No
Liquidity risk	No	Liquidity risk mostly has been mitigated by investing in positions that offer sufficient liquidity	None	We would not expect a negative NAV impact if this risk would materialize.	No
Credit risk	No	Spare cash is maintained at ABN AMRO. ABN AMRO has an A credit rating (S&P credit rating) and we would reconsider the relationship if this changes.	None	None	No
Operational risk	No	This risk is mostly mitigated by having rigid operational procedures in place. Next to that duties and responsibilities are clearly divided between Privium employees. The same is applicable at the service providers of the several Privium Funds.	None	None	No
Counterparty Risk	No	This risk is mostly mitigated by selecting and maintaining relationships with top tier counterparties and service providers.	None	None	No
Leverage Risk	No	The Fund is not using leverage (no implied leverage and no actual borrowings). Nevertheless as of December 31, 2019 the leverage calculations according to the Gross method and Commitment method are as follows: Gross method: 95.28% and Commitment method: 100%.	None	None	No

Control statement

The Board of Privium Fund Management B.V. declares to have an AO/IB (Handbook) that meets the requirements of the "Wet op het financieel toezicht and the 'Besluit gedragtoezicht financiële ondernemingen ('Bgfo')". During 2019 we assessed the various aspects of the Privium operations as outlined in the AO/IB (Handbook). We have not identified any internal control measures that do not meet the requirements of Article 121 of the Bgfo and as such we declare that the operations in the year 2019 functioned effectively as described. During 2019 a number of independent service providers have conducted checks on Privium's operations as part of their ongoing responsibility and investor demand. No errors have been signaled.

Privium is updating its AO/IC (Handbook) on a regular basis as required by law. The 2019 update was completed in June 2019. During the fourth quarter of 2019 the external audit officer performed its annual due diligence on a number of internal procedures at the Fund Manager These are mostly related to Compliance and Risk Management. The external audit officer has reported his findings to the Fund Manager in a report. No meaningful errors have been signaled.

Financial statements

BALANCE SHEET

(As at 31 December)

	<i>Note(s)</i>	31 December 2019 EUR	31 December 2018 EUR
Assets			
Investments			
Equities	3	20,388,102	15,621,165
		<u>20,388,102</u>	<u>15,621,165</u>
Current assets (fall due in less than 1 year)			
Cash	4	1,236,655	420,511
Other receivables	5	34,743	22,795
		<u>1,271,398</u>	<u>443,306</u>
Total assets		<u>21,659,500</u>	<u>16,064,471</u>
Current liabilities (fall due in less than 1 year)			
Subscriptions received in advance	7	(969,505)	(178,400)
Due to custodian	4	(158,602)	-
Accrued expenses and other payables	6	(47,018)	(46,606)
		<u>(1,175,125)</u>	<u>(225,006)</u>
Total liabilities		<u>(1,175,125)</u>	<u>(225,006)</u>
Total assets minus total liabilities		<u>20,484,375</u>	<u>15,839,465</u>
Unitholders' equity			
Contribution of unitholders		14,575,294	13,878,821
Unappropriated gain		5,909,081	1,960,644
Total unitholders' equity	8, 18	<u>20,484,375</u>	<u>15,839,465</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Financial statements

INCOME STATEMENT (For the years ended 31 December)

	<i>Note(s)</i>	2019 EUR	2018 EUR
Investment income			
<i>Direct investment result</i>			
Interest income	9	1,691	7,003
Dividend income	10	505,600	384,291
Other income		1,148	1,722
		508,439	393,016
<i>Indirect investment result</i>			
Foreign currency gains on translation	11	29,021	43,664
Realised gains on investments in equities	3, 12	650,891	1,440,080
Unrealised gains/(losses) on investments in equities	3, 12	3,108,385	(3,239,873)
		3,788,297	(1,756,129)
Total investment income/(loss)		4,296,736	(1,363,113)
Expenses			
Management fee	13, 14	(189,198)	(218,336)
Administration fee	13, 14	(23,470)	(23,581)
Depositary fee	13, 14	(19,965)	(19,965)
Other operational costs	13	(13,489)	(11,528)
Audit fee	13, 14	(12,954)	(15,331)
Bank charges	13	(7,476)	(8,357)
Custody fee	13, 14	(5,401)	(5,291)
FATCA fees	13	(4,474)	(4,246)
Interest expense	13	(2,478)	(2,647)
Legal fees	13	(1,388)	(6,442)
Total expenses		(280,293)	(315,724)
Net profit/(loss) before tax		4,016,443	(1,678,837)
Withholding tax		(68,006)	(58,095)
Net profit/(loss) after tax		3,948,437	(1,736,932)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Financial statements

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (For the years ended 31 December)

	<i>Note(s)</i>	2019 EUR	2018 EUR
Cash flows from operating activities			
Purchases of investments		(7,105,822)	(7,924,275)
Proceeds from sale of investments		6,094,148	6,767,576
Interest received		1,703	7,706
Interest paid		(2,465)	(2,899)
Dividend received		493,640	370,115
Foundation fees		(6,969)	(7,359)
Management fee paid		(190,359)	(218,720)
Custody fee paid		(5,320)	(4,916)
Depositary fee paid		(19,965)	(19,965)
Bank charges paid		(3,463)	(3,740)
Withholding tax paid		(68,006)	(58,095)
Other income received		1,148	1,722
Administration fee paid		(23,083)	(23,769)
Audit fee		(12,954)	(13,509)
Legal fee paid		(1,388)	(6,442)
Other general expenses paid		(9,902)	(8,030)
Net cash flows used in operating activities		<u>(859,057)</u>	<u>(1,144,600)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from sales of units – class A units		10,034,320	176,555
Proceeds from sales of units – class B units		218,464	119,056
Payments on redemptions of units – class A units		(9,451,443)	(801,517)
Payments on redemptions of units – class B units		(104,868)	-
Subscriptions received in advance		791,105	169,656
Net cash flows provided by/(used in) by financing activities		<u>1,487,578</u>	<u>(336,250)</u>
Net increase/(decrease) in cash		628,521	(1,480,850)
Cash at the beginning of the year		420,511	1,857,697
Foreign currency gains on translation of cash positions		29,021	43,664
Cash at the end of the year	4	<u>1,078,053</u>	<u>420,511</u>
Analysis of cash			
Cash at bank		972,128	183,739
Due from custodian		264,527	236,772
Due to custodian		(158,602)	-
Total cash	4	<u>1,078,053</u>	<u>420,511</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Principia Fund N.V. (the “Fund”) is structured as an open-ended investment fund and was established in Amsterdam in April 2014. The Fund is a public company limited by shares (naamloze vennootschap) and is a legal entity under the laws of the Netherlands. The Fund is registered at the commercial register of the Chamber of Commerce of the Netherlands under number 60521945. The Fund commenced operations on 22 May 2014. The Fund has a registered office at Gustav Mahlerplein 3, Symphony Offices, 26th Floor, 1082 MS Amsterdam, The Netherlands. The most recent Prospectus of the Fund was issued in May 2018.

The shares of the Fund are divided in two series (“shareclasses”), Shareclass A and Shareclass B. The investment policy and risk profile of the Fund are equal for both shareclasses. Investors can invest in the Fund by obtaining depository receipts (“units”) representing an interest in Shareclass A (“A units”) or Shareclass B (“B units”). Units will be issued by the Foundation, who will be the legal owner of the shares represented by the units. The units of the Fund will be issued in two series (“unitclasses”), Unitclass A and Unitclass B. The units in Unitclass B are only available for subscription by persons working for the Fund Manager or related to the Fund. All other persons can subscribe for units in Unitclass A. As at 31 December 2019 and 2018, both Unitclass A and Unitclass B units are in issue.

The investment objective of the Fund is to earn a higher return than the average of the world’s developed equity markets, as represented by iShares MSCI World UCITS ETF.

The Fund’s investment activities are managed by Privium Fund Management B.V. (the “Fund Manager”), with the administration delegated to Apex Fund Services (Netherlands) B.V. (the “Administrator”).

The Fund had no employees during the years ended 31 December 2019 and 2018.

The Fund Manager is subject to the supervision of the Netherlands Authority for the Financial Markets (“AFM”). On 22 July 2014, the AFM licence of the Fund Manager was automatically converted into an Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive (“AIFMD”) licence by the AFM.

The financial statements have been authorised for issue by the Fund Manager on 22 June 2020.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared in accordance with the reporting principles generally accepted in the Netherlands (“Dutch GAAP”) including the guidelines for annual reporting (RJ) 615 and the statutory provisions concerning annual accounts contained in Part 9, Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code. The financial statements have also been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Dutch Financial Supervision Act (“FSA”).

The financial statements are prepared on a fair value basis for financial investments, except those for which a reliable measure of fair value is not available. Other financial assets and liabilities and non-financial assets and liabilities are stated at amortised cost or historical cost.

Below is a summary of the accounting policies of the Fund.

Functional currency

The financial statements are presented in Euro (“EUR”), which is the Fund’s functional currency.

Recognition and measurement

An asset is recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits of the asset will flow to the Fund and the amount of the asset can be reliably measured. A liability is recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will result from the settlement of a present obligation and the amount at which the settlement will take place can be measured reliably.

Income is recognised in the income statement when an increase in future economic benefit related to an increase in an asset or decrease in a liability has arisen that can be measured reliably.

Notes to the financial statements

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND POLICIES (*CONTINUED*)

Recognition and measurement (*continued*)

Expenses (including value added tax (“VAT”), where applicable) are recognised in the income statement when a decrease in future economic benefit related to a decrease in an asset or an increase in a liability has arisen that can be measured reliably.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the relevant rules requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Fund’s accounting policies. If necessary, for the purposes of providing the view required under Section 362, subsection 1, Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code, the nature of these estimates and judgements, including related assumptions, is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements in question.

Foreign exchange

Assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the EUR are converted to EUR at the exchange rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currency are converted at the rates prevailing on the date of the transaction. Foreign currency exchange differences arising on translation and realised gains and losses on disposal or settlement of monetary assets and liabilities are recognised in the income statement.

Classification of units

The units of the Fund are classified as equity. These units are recognised and measured at the redemption amount. Any distribution of equity is recognised through equity.

Basis of valuation - policies in preparing the balance sheet

Financial investments are initially measured at fair value which is the fair value of the consideration given or received. Financial investments are subsequently re-measured at fair value.

The Fund measures the fair value of any security which is listed or quoted on any securities exchange or similar electronic system and regularly traded thereon using its last traded price on the relevant business day. If no trades occurred on such day, it will be valued at the closing price on the previous business day.

Gains and losses arising from fair value changes are calculated based on historical cost and recognised in the income statement as ‘realised gains on investments in equities’ and ‘unrealised gains/(losses) on investments in equities’.

Receivables and prepayments

The value of accounts receivable and prepaid expenses will be deemed to be the full amount unless it is unlikely to be paid or received in full. Appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts are recognised in the income statement when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired. Cash is carried at face value.

Payables and accruals

Payables and accruals and deferred income are included at fair value.

Cash

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash also includes short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant changes in value and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.

Statement of cash flows

The statement of cash flows is prepared according to the direct method. The statement of cash flows shows the Fund’s cash flows for the year divided into cash flows from operations and financing activities and how the cash flows have affected cash funds.

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are included under operating activities. Cash flows from financing activities include proceeds from subscriptions and payments for redemptions of shares of the Fund. As the nature of the Fund is to invest in financial instruments, all cash flows related to investments are classified as cash flows from operating activities.

Notes to the financial statements

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Unitholders' equity

All references to net asset value ("NAV") throughout the financial statements are equivalent to unitholders' equity.

Tax position

The Dutch tax authorities have granted a ruling confirming that the Fund is tax transparent. This implies that the Fund is not subject to corporate income tax. Distributions made by the Fund (for example in case of redemption by a unitholder) are not subject to dividend withholding tax.

Principles for determining the result

The Fund recognises financial assets and liabilities on the date it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. A regular way purchase and sale of investments is recognised using trade date accounting.

The changes in the value of the investments held by the Fund are accounted for in the income statement.

Dividends from equities are included at the date when they are declared. Dividend withholding tax is presented gross on the income statement.

Income and expense are accounted for in the income statement on the accrual basis.

Subscription fees, where applicable, are included in the income statement.

NOTES FOR INDIVIDUAL BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

3. Investments

Movement in schedule of investments

<i>(All amounts in EUR)</i>	31 December 2019	31 December 2018
Investment in equities		
As at 1 January	15,621,165	16,268,876
Purchases	7,105,822	7,924,275
Sales	(6,094,148)	(6,767,576)
Realised gain	463,285	1,518,892
Realised gain/(loss) on foreign exchange differences	183,593	(83,429)
Unrealised gain/(loss)	2,744,806	(3,831,398)
Unrealised gain on foreign exchange differences	363,579	591,525
As at 31 December	<u>20,388,102</u>	<u>15,621,165</u>

4. Cash

As at 31 December 2019, cash comprises of balances held with ABN AMRO Clearing Bank N.V. amounting to EUR 972,128 (2018: EUR 183,739). As at 31 December 2019 and 2018, no restrictions in the use of these balances exist.

Cash also include amounts due from ABN AMRO Clearing Bank N.V. of EUR 264,527 (2018: EUR 236,772).

As at 31 December 2019, the Fund also had an amount due to ABN AMRO Clearing Bank N.V of EUR 158,602 (2018: EUR Nil) which represented amounts held in brokerage accounts.

Notes to the financial statements

NOTES FOR INDIVIDUAL BALANCE SHEET ITEMS (CONTINUED)

5. Other receivables

As at 31 December, other receivables consist of the following:

<i>(All amounts in EUR)</i>	31 December 2019	31 December 2018
Dividend receivable	34,628	22,668
Interest receivable	115	127
Total other receivables	34,743	22,795

6. Accrued expenses and other payables

As at 31 December, accrued expenses and other payables consist of the following:

<i>(All amounts in EUR)</i>	31 December 2019	31 December 2018
Management fee payable	(16,331)	(17,492)
Audit fee payable	(15,979)	(15,979)
Administration fee payable	(5,209)	(4,822)
FATCA fee payable	(4,459)	(4,360)
Foundation fee payable	(2,521)	(1,803)
Licence fee payable	(1,275)	(1,000)
Other payables	(650)	(650)
Custody fee payable	(456)	(375)
Interest fee payable	(138)	(125)
Total accrued expenses and other payables	(47,018)	(46,606)

7. Subscriptions received in advance

Subscriptions received in advance represent the amounts received from unitholders for subscriptions to units of the Fund for the first business day of the next month. Unitholders are required to deposit the amounts with the Fund prior to the issuance of units.

As at 31 December 2019, the subscriptions received in advance amount to EUR 969,505 (2018: EUR 178,400). On 1 January 2020, the Fund issued 5,053.2818 units of Unitclass A and 1,581.0107 units of Unitclass B to the subscribing unitholders.

8. Share capital

Structure of the Fund's capital

The Fund is structured as an open-ended investment fund and was established in Amsterdam in April 2014. The shares of the Fund are divided in two series ("shareclasses"), Shareclass A and Shareclass B. The investment policy and risk profile of the Fund are equal for both shareclasses. The shareclasses only differ with respect to the management fee and the performance fee, as no such fees are charged to Shareclass B. Investors can invest in the Fund by obtaining depository receipts ("units") representing an interest in Shareclass A ("A units") or Shareclass B ("B units"). Units will be issued by the Foundation, who will be the legal owner of the shares represented by the units. The units of the Fund will be issued in two series ("unitclasses"), Unitclass A and Unitclass B. The units in Unitclass B are only available for subscription by persons working for the Fund Manager or related to the Fund. All other persons can subscribe for units in Unitclass A. As at 31 December 2019 and 2018, both Unitclass A and Unitclass B units are in issue.

Notes to the financial statements

NOTES FOR INDIVIDUAL BALANCE SHEET ITEMS (CONTINUED)

8. Share capital (continued)

Structure of the Fund's capital (continued)

The movement of equity in the units during the years is as follows:

<i>(All amounts in EUR)</i>	31 December 2019	31 December 2018
<i>Contributions of unitholders</i>		
Balance at the beginning of the year	13,878,821	14,384,727
Issue of units – class A units	10,034,320	176,555
Issues of units – class B units	218,464	119,056
Redemption of units – class A units	(9,451,443)	(801,517)
Redemption of units – class B units	(104,868)	-
Total contributions at the end of the year	14,575,294	13,878,821
<i>Unappropriated gain</i>		
Balance at the beginning of the year	1,960,644	3,697,576
Net profit/(loss) after tax	3,948,437	(1,736,932)
Total undistributed gain at the end of the year	5,909,081	1,960,644
Equity at the end of the year	20,484,375	15,839,465

Subscriptions and redemptions

The Fund enables the Foundation to issue units on the first business day of each calendar month at the unitholders' equity per unit on the preceding valuation day, plus a subscription fee of 0.15% of the subscription amount. The minimum initial subscription for each unitholder is EUR 20,000 with the minimum subsequent subscription amounts being EUR 1,000. The Unitclass A and Unitclass B units were issued at an initial subscription price of EUR 100 per unit and thereafter at the unitholders' equity per unit. The minimum subscription amount can be lowered at the sole discretion of the Fund Manager.

The Fund enables the Foundation to redeem units of the unitholders' equity on the last day of each calendar month, less a fee of 0.15% of the redemption amount. The minimum value of units which may be subject of one redemption request is EUR 1,000. The Fund Manager may decide to lower this amount in individual cases.

The movement of the units during the year ended 31 December 2019 was as follows:

	Units at the beginning of the year	Units issued	Units redeemed	Units at the end of the year
Unit class A	128,721.9657	76,412.9863	(71,864.0150)	133,270.9370
Unit class B	8,031.5235	1,575.2770	(735.0311)	8,871.7694
Total	136,753.4892	77,988.2633	(72,599.0461)	142,142.7064

The movement of the units during the year ended 31 December 2018 was as follows:

	Units at the beginning of the year	Units issued	Units redeemed	Units at the end of the year
Unit class A	133,534.7698	1,347.6298	(6,160.4339)	128,721.9657
Unit class B	7,154.7262	876.7973	-	8,031.5235
Total	140,689.4960	2,224.4271	(6,160.4339)	136,753.4892

Notes to the financial statements

NOTES FOR INDIVIDUAL BALANCE SHEET ITEMS (CONTINUED)

8. Share capital (continued)

Capital management

The Fund's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for unitholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Fund does not intend to pay dividends. All earnings will normally be retained for investments.

NOTES FOR INDIVIDUAL INCOME STATEMENT ITEMS

9. Interest income

Interest income relates to the interest on bank and broker balances.

10. Dividend income

Dividend income relates to dividend from equity instruments.

11. Foreign currency gains on translation

Realised and unrealised exchange differences consist of realised and unrealised translation gains and losses on assets and liabilities other than investment assets and liabilities. For the year ended 31 December 2019, this amounted to gains of EUR 29,021 (2018: gains of EUR 43,664). The following average and closing rates have been applied in the preparation of these financial statements (the equivalent of one Euro is shown):

	2019		2018	
	Average	Closing	Average	Closing
<i>(Showing the equivalent of 1 Euro)</i>				
Great Britain Pound	0.8779	0.8458	0.88476	0.8987
Hong Kong Dollar	8.7770	8.7295	9.2542	8.9808
Japanese Yen	122.13	121.69	130.37	125.69
Norwegian Krone	9.8515	9.8442	9.6062	9.9085
Swiss Franc	1.1132	1.0855	1.1550	1.1275
United States Dollar	1.1201	1.1214	1.1809	1.1469

12. Investment return

(All amounts in EUR)

	2019		2019	2018
	Profit	Loss	Total	Total
Equities				
Realised result	1,246,079	(595,188)	650,891	1,440,080
Unrealised result	<u>3,662,564</u>	<u>(554,179)</u>	<u>3,108,385</u>	<u>(3,239,873)</u>
Total result	<u>4,908,643</u>	<u>(1,149,367)</u>	<u>3,759,276</u>	<u>(1,799,793)</u>

Notes to the financial statements

NOTES FOR INDIVIDUAL INCOME STATEMENT ITEMS (CONTINUED)

13. Costs

The Fund makes use of various parties for management, administration and custody services. The table below provides a breakdown of expenses for the years ended 31 December 2019 and 2018.

<i>(All amounts in EUR)</i>	2019	2018
Expenses accruing to Fund Manager		
Management fee	(189,198)	(218,336)
Other expenses		
Administration fee	(23,470)	(23,581)
Depositary fee	(19,965)	(19,965)
Other operational costs	(13,489)	(11,528)
Audit fee	(12,954)	(15,331)
Bank charges	(7,476)	(8,357)
Custody fee	(5,401)	(5,291)
FATCA fees	(4,474)	(4,246)
Interest expense	(2,478)	(2,647)
Legal fees	(1,388)	(6,442)
Total	<u>(280,293)</u>	<u>(315,724)</u>

The basis on which various costs are charged to the Fund are disclosed in detail in the Prospectus. It is a Dutch regulatory requirement to disclose any differences between actual costs and the costs disclosed in the Prospectus. During the year ended 31 December 2019, all costs actually charged to the Fund were in accordance with the costs disclosed in the Prospectus. During the year, the Fund also incurred costs such as interest expense of EUR 2,478 (2018: EUR 2,647), FATCA fees of EUR 4,474 (2018: EUR 4,246), bank charges of EUR 7,476 (2018: EUR 8,357), legal fees of EUR 1,388 (2018: EUR 6,442), audit tax fees of EUR 2,502 (2018: EUR 2,014) and other general expenses of EUR 3,300 (2018: EUR 4,478) which are not detailed in the Prospectus.

No subscription or redemption fees were charged to the participants of the Fund for 2019 and 2018.

Ongoing charges ratio

The ongoing charges ratio is the ratio of the total costs to the average net assets of the Fund. The average net assets are based on the Fund's net assets at each calculation of the unitholders' equity i.e., monthly.

For the year ended 31 December 2019, the ongoing charges ratio for the Fund is as follows:

	2019
Ongoing charges ratio including interest	1.54%
Ongoing charges ratio excluding interest	1.52%

For the year ended 31 December 2018, the ongoing charges ratio for the Fund is as follows:

	2018
Ongoing charges ratio including interest	1.77%
Ongoing charges ratio excluding interest	1.76%

Turnover factor

For the year ended 31 December 2019, the turnover factor for the Fund is 180.85% (2018: 88.53%). The turnover factor is calculated by adding total purchases and sales, subtracting total subscriptions plus total redemptions and dividing the total by the average unitholders' equity.

Notes to the financial statements

14. RELEVANT CONTRACTS

Fund Manager

Management fee

Privium Fund Management B.V. acts as the Fund Manager to the Fund. The Fund Manager is entitled to an annual management Fee (the "Fee") on Shareclass A of 1.5% per annum when the performance of the Fund is equal to the return of the benchmark over the three years ending on the date of the calculation. A maximum fee of 2% is payable if the return of Shareclass A is superior to that of the benchmark by 20% over the three years ending on the date of the calculation. A minimum fee of 1% is payable if the return of Shareclass A is below that of the benchmark by 20% over the three years ending on the date of the calculation. Please also see the Prospectus of the Fund for an additional explanation. The management fee is calculated monthly and payable monthly in arrears.

No management fee is charged to Unitclass B.

Details of management fees charged for the years are disclosed in the income statement.

Administrator

The Fund has entered into an administration agreement with Apex Fund Services (Netherlands) B.V. The Administrator charges an annual fee, to be calculated and paid monthly in arrears on the basis of the unitholders' equity of the Fund before deduction of the management fee, and with a minimum of EUR 15,000 per annum. This annual fee is based on the following sliding scale:

- | | |
|--|-----------------|
| ▪ Part up to EUR 30 million | 10 basis points |
| ▪ Part between EUR 30 million and EUR 50 million | 8 basis points |
| ▪ Part above EUR 50 million | 6 basis points |

The Administrator charges a fixed fee of EUR 5,000 per annum for the preparation of the annual report. No VAT has to be paid on these amounts.

Details of administration fees charged for the years are disclosed in the income statement.

Payment Bank/Custodian

ABN AMRO Clearing Bank N.V. acts as Custodian to the Fund. The Custodian is entitled to receive fees from the Fund in accordance with its customary charges.

Independent Auditor

The Fund appointed Ernst & Young Accountants LLP as the Independent Auditor. The Independent Auditor's remuneration consists of EUR 12,954 (2018: EUR 12,954) audit fee (including VAT) for the audit of the financial statements. The Independent Auditor does not provide any non-audit services or other audit services to the Fund.

Depository

The Fund has entered into a depository agreement with Darwin Depository Services B.V. The Depository charges an annual fee of EUR 16,500 (excluding VAT), payable quarterly in advance, for depository services provided to the Fund. Details of depository fees charged for the years are disclosed in the income statement.

Notes to the financial statements

15. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related party transactions are transfers of resources, services or obligations between related parties and the Fund, regardless of whether a price has been charged. Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial or operational decisions or is part of key management of the Fund. The following provides details on the related parties of the Fund and transactions with the related parties.

The Fund Manager is considered a related party.

The following transactions occurred between the Fund and the Fund Manager during the reporting years.

Transactions from 1 January 2019 - 31 December 2019 and balances as at 31 December 2019

	Paid EUR	Balance EUR
Management fee	(190,359)	(16,331)

Transactions from 1 January 2018 - 31 December 2018 and balances as at 31 December 2018

	Paid EUR	Balance EUR
Management fee	(218,720)	(17,492)

The units in Unitclass B have been issued to persons working for the Fund Manager or related to the Fund. Mr. Ryan Nicholas Dally, the portfolio manager, holds 1,255.001 units (2018: 1,509.630 units) of Unitclass B.

16. FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS AND ASSOCIATED RISKS

The Fund's investment objective is to earn a higher return than the average of the world's developed equity markets, as represented by iShares MSCI World UCITS ETF.

The Fund attempts to achieve its objective by investing predominantly in global listed equities and is therefore exposed to all the risks and rewards associated with the equities selected. The Fund is actively managed and will likely differ materially from the benchmark in order to achieve its objective.

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including market price risk, interest rate risk and currency risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual security or its issuer or factors affecting all securities traded in the market. Market risk comprises market price risk, interest rate risk and currency risk. The Fund's market risk is managed through diversification of its investments. For further explanation of the investment objectives, policies and processes, refer to pages 6 and 7 of these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

16. FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS AND ASSOCIATED RISKS (CONTINUED)

Market risk (continued)

Market price risk

Price risk is the risk that the value of the instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer or all factors affecting all instruments traded in the market.

As at 31 December 2019 and 2018, price risk arises on the Fund's investments in equities.

The Fund's diversification of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss represented per significant industry sector as at 31 December 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

Sector	2019	% of	2018	% of
	EUR	unitholders'	EUR	unitholders'
		equity		equity
Pharmaceuticals	2,550,025	12.4	2,157,433	13.6
Insurance	2,348,824	11.5	1,692,017	10.7
Banks	1,773,095	8.6	1,118,560	7.0
Auto Manufacturers	1,193,447	5.8	634,356	4.0
Oil & Gas Services	1,191,880	5.8	544,855	3.4
Agriculture	1,045,165	5.1	877,398	5.5
Software	936,799	4.6	1,246,460	7.9
Internet	933,824	4.6	867,241	5.5
Other Sectors	8,415,043	41.1	6,482,845	41.0
	20,388,102	99.5	15,621,165	98.6

The table below details the sensitivity of the Fund's investments to a reasonable possible increase of 5% as at 31 December 2019 and 2018:

Sector	2019	% of	2018	% of
	Amount in	unitholders'	Amount in	unitholders'
	EUR	equity	EUR	equity
Pharmaceuticals	127,501	0.6	107,872	0.7
Insurance	117,441	0.6	84,601	0.5
Banks	88,655	0.4	55,928	0.4
Auto Manufacturers	59,672	0.3	31,718	0.2
Oil & Gas Services	59,594	0.3	27,243	0.2
Agriculture	52,258	0.3	43,870	0.3
Software	46,840	0.2	62,323	0.4
Internet	46,691	0.2	43,362	0.3

Notes to the financial statements

16. FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS AND ASSOCIATED RISKS (CONTINUED)

Market risk (continued)

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Fund has no interest bearing financial instruments except for cash at banks and amounts due from custodian which are subject to normal market related short-term interest rates. Therefore, the Fund is not exposed to significant interest rate risks.

Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk exposure arises from the Fund investing in financial instruments and entering into transactions which are denominated in currencies other than its functional currency. The Fund's exposure to foreign exchange movements as at 31 December 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

	2019		2018	
	Fair value EUR	% of unitholders' equity	Fair value EUR	% of unitholders' equity
Currency				
Great Britain Pound	3,540,919	17.3	2,774,503	17.5
Hong Kong Dollar	1,141,975	5.6	882,533	5.6
Japanese Yen	356,924	1.7	1,599,406	10.1
Norwegian Krone	1,769,549	8.6	299,528	1.9
Swiss Franc	2,150,059	10.5	1,404,656	8.9
United States Dollar	9,411,767	45.9	7,614,552	48.1

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Fund. It arises from cash and other receivables. The carrying values of financial assets (excluding any investment in equity instruments) best represent the maximum credit risk exposure at the reporting dates and amount to EUR 1,271,398 (2018: EUR 443,306).

All transactions of the Fund are cleared by ABN AMRO Clearing Bank N.V. representing a concentration risk. Bankruptcy or insolvency of ABN AMRO Clearing Bank N.V. may cause the Fund's rights with respect to the cash and/or its investments to be delayed or limited. The Fund regularly monitors its risk by monitoring the credit quality of ABN AMRO Clearing Bank N.V. as reported.

As at 31 December 2019, the credit rating of ABN AMRO Clearing Bank N.V. is 'A' (2018: 'A'), as determined by Standard and Poor's. If the credit quality or the financial position of this entity deteriorates significantly the Fund Manager will deal with another provider.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations arising from its financial liabilities.

The Fund's Prospectus provides for the monthly creation and cancellation of units and it is therefore exposed to the liquidity risk of meeting unitholders redemptions. The Fund's policy only allows for redemptions on the last day of each calendar month and notice of 10 business days must be provided.

The Fund's listed securities are considered to be readily realisable as they are listed on recognised exchanges.

The Fund's other liabilities are short-term in nature.

Notes to the financial statements

17. SOFT DOLLAR ARRANGEMENTS

A soft dollar arrangement applies when a (financial) service provider offers services and products (such as research and information services) to an asset manager in exchange for executing certain securities transactions.

The Fund Manager had no soft dollar arrangement as at 31 December 2019 and 2018.

18. UNITHOLDERS' EQUITY AS ISSUED

As at 31 December 2019 there was no reconciliation between the participants' equity in accordance with the Prospectus and the participants' equity as determined in accordance with Dutch Accounting Standard 210 ("Dutch GAAP") as the incorporation costs were fully amortised as at 31 December 2019.

The following schedule shows the reconciliation between the unitholders' equity as at 31 December 2018 in accordance with the Prospectus and the unitholders' equity as at 31 December 2018 as determined in accordance with Dutch GAAP.

The Prospectus states that incorporation costs should be amortised over 5 years. Dutch GAAP prefers that incorporation costs be expensed immediately.

	2018
	EUR
Unitholders' equity attributable to holders of units in accordance with the Prospectus	15,845,214
Adjustments	
Unamortised incorporation costs	(5,749)
Adjusted unitholders' equity attributable to holders of units in accordance with Dutch GAAP	<u>15,839,465</u>
Number of units	
Unitclass A	128,721.9657
Unitclass B	8,031.5235
Unitholders' equity per unit in accordance with the Prospectus	
Unitclass A	115.46
Unitclass B	122.38
Adjusted unitholders' equity per unit in accordance with Dutch GAAP	
Unitclass A	115.42
Unitclass B	122.32

19. EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

At the time of writing this report, global financial markets have been under severe pressure caused by the concerns of the effects of the corona virus ("COVID-19") outbreak. Some recovery has occurred, but the outlook remains uncertain.

COVID-19 will certainly have a large impact on the general economy and the supply chains of global commercial players across major industries such as electronics, car manufacturing, and consumer goods. Likely we will face a global recession and unemployment will be rising. There is clear uncertainty about the extent of this economic downturn. As such, there might be a further downward pressure on prices of various asset classes. Governments and central banks have already intervened on a large scale and have announced large fiscal and monetary stimulus packages. It is expected that they will continue to do so.

Based on current available information there are no continuity issues for the Fund.

No other material events occurred after the balance sheet date that could influence the transparency of the financial statements.

Investment portfolio as at 31 December 2019

Assets	Currency	Fair value EUR	% of unitholders' equity
Equities			
Abbvie Inc.	USD	199,361	1.0
American International Group Inc.	USD	947,962	4.6
Astellas Pharma Inc.	JPY	279,678	1.4
Bae Systems Plc	GBP	396,651	1.9
Baidu Inc.	USD	387,744	1.9
Bayerische Motoren Werke AG	EUR	523,682	2.5
Berkshire Hathaway Inc.	USD	1,149,264	5.6
Brighthouse Financial Inc.	USD	251,598	1.2
British American Tobacco Plc	GBP	635,328	3.1
China Mobile Ltd	HKD	626,525	3.1
Citigroup Inc.	USD	560,812	2.7
Credit Suisse Group AG	CHF	659,765	3.2
Derwent London Plc	GBP	435,890	2.1
Discovery Communications	USD	457,700	2.2
Fedex Corp.	USD	139,560	0.7
Fluor Corp.	USD	145,009	0.7
G4S Plc	GBP	317,537	1.5
Gilead Sciences Inc.	USD	449,656	2.2
Honda Motor Co Ltd	JPY	669,765	3.3
Imperial Brands Plc	GBP	409,837	2.0
Inpex Corp.	JPY	262,434	1.3
Korea Elec Power Corp.	USD	449,992	2.2
Luk Fook Holdings International Ltd.	HKD	307,837	1.5
Mckesson Corp.	USD	328,100	1.6
Naspers Ltd.	USD	197,439	1.0
National Oilwell Varco Inc.	USD	484,626	2.4
Netease Inc.	USD	348,641	1.7
Nexon Co Ltd	JPY	359,849	1.8
O-I Glass Inc.	USD	157,939	0.8
Oracle Corp.	USD	576,950	2.8
Prosus NV	EUR	166,325	0.8
Roche Holding Ag-Genusschein	CHF	548,162	2.7
Royal Mail Plc	GBP	317,705	1.5
Samsung Electronics Co Ltd	USD	526,605	2.6
Sanofi	EUR	1,194,724	5.8
Schlumberger Ltd	USD	373,178	1.8
Societe Bic SA	EUR	217,930	1.1
Softbank Group Corp.	JPY	343,930	1.7
Sotsu Co Ltd	JPY	225,627	1.1
SPDR Gold Shares	USD	757,444	3.7
Subsea 7 SA	NOK	334,076	1.6

Investment portfolio as at 31 December 2019 (continued)

Assets	Currency	Fair value EUR	% of unitholders' equity
Equities			
Teck Resources Ltd	USD	482,423	2.4
Television Broadcasts Ltd	HKD	198,646	1.0
Tesco Plc	GBP	426,027	2.1
UBS Group	CHF	552,518	2.7
Wm Morrison Supermarkets	GBP	226,491	1.1
WPP Plc	GBP	379,160	1.8
		<u>20,388,102</u>	<u>99.5</u>

Investment portfolio as at 31 December 2018

Assets	Currency	Fair value EUR	% of unitholders' equity
Equities			
American International Group Inc.	USD	727,448	4.6
Apple Inc.	USD	41,261	0.3
Astellas Pharma Inc.	JPY	253,115	1.6
Bae Systems Plc	GBP	80,730	0.5
Baidu Inc.	USD	255,829	1.6
Bayerische Motoren Werke Ag	EUR	162,610	1.0
Berkshire Hathaway Inc.	USD	790,443	5.0
Brighthouse Financial Inc.	USD	174,126	1.1
British American Tobacco Plc	GBP	412,506	2.6
Celgene Corp.	USD	125,732	0.8
China Mobile Ltd	HKD	151,022	1.0
Citigroup Inc.	USD	357,325	2.3
Credit Suisse Group.	CHF	471,842	3.0
Derwent London Plc	GBP	525,830	3.3
Discovery Communications	USD	328,033	2.1
Fluor Corp.	USD	241,816	1.5
FTD Cos Inc.	USD	28,266	0.2
Gilead Sciences Inc.	USD	357,771	2.3
Honda Motor Co Ltd	JPY	271,741	1.7
Imperial Brands Plc.	GBP	464,892	2.9
Inpex Corp.	JPY	219,475	1.4
Korea Electric Power Corp.	USD	419,261	2.6
Luk Fook Holdings International Ltd	HKD	265,538	1.7
McKesson Corp.	USD	352,533	2.2
Naspers Ltd	USD	283,522	1.8
NetEase Inc	USD	299,625	1.9
Nexon Co Ltd	JPY	308,029	1.9
Oracle Corp.	USD	938,430	5.9
QinetiQ Group Plc	GBP	162,350	1.0
QUALCOMM Inc.	USD	540,122	3.4
Roche Holding Ag-Genusschein	CHF	637,660	4.0
Royal Mail Plc	GBP	248,401	1.6
Safran SA	EUR	221,762	1.4
Samsung Electronics Co Ltd	USD	306,160	1.9
Sanofi	EUR	914,124	5.8
Schlumberger Ltd	USD	256,703	1.6
SJM Holdings Ltd	HKD	224,345	1.4

Investment portfolio as at 31 December 2018 (continued)

Assets	Currency	Fair value EUR	% of unitholders' equity
Equities			
Softbank Corp.	JPY	238,289	1.5
Sotsu Co Ltd	JPY	277,572	1.8
SPDR Gold Shares	USD	593,299	3.7
Subsea 7 SA	NOK	288,152	1.8
Tata Motors Ltd	USD	200,005	1.3
Television Broadcasts Ltd	HKD	233,787	1.5
Tesco Plc	GBP	397,027	2.5
UBS Group	CHF	289,393	1.8
WPP Plc.	GBP	283,263	1.8
		<u>15,621,165</u>	<u>98.6</u>

Other information

Provisions of the Prospectus on distribution policy

The Fund Manager does not intend to distribute any income of the Fund to the unitholders. The Fund Manager shall have sole discretion whether to distribute any income of the Fund or whether to retain it within the Fund.

Interests held by the Directors

As at 31 December 2019, the Board of Directors did not hold any shares in the Fund.

Provision of information

This annual report and the Prospectus of the Fund are available free of charge from the Fund Manager or available for download free of charge from the Fund Manager's website: www.priviumfund.com.

Date of authorisation

The financial statements have been authorised for issue by the Fund Manager in Amsterdam on 22 June 2020.

Independent auditor's report

To: The shareholders and the directors of Privium Fund Management B.V. as investment manager of Principia Fund N.V.

Report on the audit of the financial statements 2019 included in the annual report

Our opinion

We have audited the financial statements 2019 of Principia Fund N.V., based in Amsterdam, The Netherlands.

In our opinion the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of Principia Fund N.V. as at 31 December 2019, and of its result and its cash flows for 2019 in accordance with Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code.

The financial statements comprise:

- The balance sheet as at 31 December 2019
- The following statements for 2019: Profit and loss statement and cash flow statement
- The notes comprising a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

Basis for our opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Dutch law, including the Dutch Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the “Our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements” section of our report.

We are independent of Principia Fund N.V. in accordance with the Wet toezicht accountantsorganisaties (Wta, Audit firms supervision act), the Verordening inzake de onafhankelijkheid van accountants bij assurance-opdrachten (ViO, Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, a regulation with respect to independence) and other relevant independence regulations in the Netherlands. Furthermore, we have complied with the Verordening gedrags- en beroepsregels accountants (VGBA, Dutch Code of Ethics).

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of matter relating Corona developments

The developments surrounding the Corona (Covid-19) virus have a profound impact on people's health and on our society as a whole, as well as on the operational and financial performance of organizations and the assessment of the ability to continue as a Going Concern. The financial statements and our auditor's report thereon reflect the conditions at the time of preparation. The situation changes on a daily basis giving rise to inherent uncertainty.

The impact of these developments on Principia Fund N.V. is disclosed in the Management Board Letter on page 5 of the Annual Report and in the disclosure about events after the reporting period on page 22 of the Annual Report. We draw attention to these disclosures.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Report on other information included in the annual report

In addition to the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon, the annual report contains other information that consists of:

- Management Report
- Other information pursuant to Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code
- General information

Based on the following procedures performed, we conclude that the other information:

- Is consistent with the financial statements and does not contain material misstatements
- Contains the information as required by Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code

We have read the other information. Based on our knowledge and understanding obtained through our audit of the financial statements or otherwise, we have considered whether the other information contains material misstatements. By performing these procedures, we comply with the requirements of Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code and the Dutch Standard 720. The scope of the procedures performed is substantially less than the scope of those performed in our audit of the financial statements.

The board of directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information, including the board of director's report in accordance with Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code and other information pursuant to Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code.

Description of responsibilities for the financial statements

Responsibilities of the board of directors for the financial statements

The board of directors of the investment entity is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code. Furthermore, the board of directors is responsible for such internal control as the board of directors determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

As part of the preparation of the financial statements, the manager is responsible for assessing the investment entity's ability to continue as a going concern. Based on the financial reporting framework mentioned, the manager should prepare the financial statements using the going concern basis of accounting unless the manager either intends to liquidate the investment entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. The manager should disclose events and circumstances that may cast significant doubt on the investment entity's ability to continue as a going concern in the financial statements.

Our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objective is to plan and perform the audit assignment in a manner that allows us to obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence for our opinion.

Our audit has been performed with a high, but not absolute, level of assurance, which means we may not have detected all material errors and fraud.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. The materiality affects the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures and the evaluation of the effect of identified misstatements on our opinion.

Description of responsibilities for the financial statements (continued)

Our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

We have exercised professional judgment and have maintained professional skepticism throughout the audit, in accordance with Dutch Standards on Auditing, ethical requirements and independence requirements. Our audit included among others:

- Identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, designing and performing audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtaining audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control
- Obtaining an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the investment entity's internal control
- Evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the board of directors
- Concluding on the appropriateness of the board of director's use of the going concern basis of accounting, and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the investment entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause an investment entity to cease to continue as a going concern
- Evaluating the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures
- Evaluating whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant findings in internal control that we identify during our audit.

The Hague, 22 June 2020

Ernst & Young Accountants LLP

Signed by R.J. Bleijs